Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK; M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

[THIRD SESSION.]

Relief Asked for Indians—Freedmen's Bureau Extension—Political Disabilities—Franking Privilege — Information Required from State Department—Court of Claims Jurisdiction—Bill Regulating Duties on Copper Passed by the House—Communications Referred—Indecorous Resolutions from the Oregon Legislature—Bill Restoring Indian Bureau to War Department—American Citizens in British Prisons.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, December 8, 1868.

SENATE.

The President presented a communication from the Court of Claims in relation to the Judges of that Court.

A communication from the Secretary of the Interior, setting forth the destitute condition of the Indians on the Upper Missouri, and their urgent need of relief, and a communication from the Commissioner of the Patent Office transmitting accounts of receipts and expenditures, all of which were laid on the table.

Mr. POMEROY introduced a joint resolution extending the operation of the Freedmen's Bureau for a limited period in certain States. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. FERRY introduced a joint resolution and bill for the removal of political disabilities. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. RAMSAY introduced a bill to abolish the franking privilege. Tabled and ordered to be printed.

Mr. SUMNER introduced a resolution calling on the President to communicate any information possessed by the State Department concerning the recent transactions in Laplatta, affecting the relations of the United States with Paraguay, the Argentine Republic and Brazil. Adopted.

Mr. YATES offered a resolution calling on the Secretary for a copy of the proceedings of the Board which assembled at Washington, under the act of 1865, to examine and recommend for promotion officers in the Navy who distinguished themselves meritoriously during the rebellion, and names of officers recommended and those promoted upon such recommendations. Laid over under the rule.

Mr. ROBERTSON introduced a bill to remove disabilities of J. Moses, recently chosen Chief Justice of South Carolina.

Mr. SUMNER moved the bill be considered immediately by unanimous consent, but Mr. Edmunds objected, and it was laid ever.

Mr. DRAKE called up a resolution offered by him last July, to amend the rules of the Senate, so as to require Indian treaties to be considered in open session of the Senate.

After some discussion it was laid over.

Mr. PATTERSON presented a memorial relating to the improvement of the Tennessee river. Tabled and ordered printed.

One of the Louisiana Senators introduced a bill for the relief of certain persons engaged in the late rebellion. Tabled and ordered printed.

Also, a joint resolution relating to the Court of Claims, which provides that the provisions of the act of July 4th, 1864, entitled an act to limit the jurisdiction of the States of Louisiana and Arkansas, and that the act of February 19, 1867, entitled an act to declare the sense of an act entitled an act to restrict the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims, shall be so construed as to prohibit the payment of claims of loyal citizens of the United States in said States. Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The bill regulating duties on imported copper and copper ore was taken up and passed,—yeas 107, nays 51.

The bill as passed provides for the following rates of duties on imported copper, to take effect on the passage of the bill: On all copper imported in form of ore, three cents for each pound of fine copper contained therein; on all regulus of copper and on all black ore as copper, four cents; for each pound of fine copper or old copper, fit only for remanufacture, four cents per pound; on all copper in plates, bars, ingots, pigs and other forms, not manufactured or enumerated, five cents per pound.

The SPEAKER presented the following communications, which were appropriately referred:

The annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury for 1868; a statement of judgments rendered by the Court of Claims during the past year; a statement of contracts made by the Surgeon General for the care, support and treatment of the transient paupers in Washington, in accordance with the bill of July 22, 1868; a statement of receipts and expenditures of the Patent Office, 1868; a letter from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs relative to the destitute condition of the Indians of Dakota; a memorial of Georgia Legislature in relation to reconstruction matters; the annual report of Comptroller of Currency; the quarterly reports of the Treasurer of the United States for 1865.

A communication, enclosing the resolutions of the Legislature of Oregon, with the request that they be presented to the House.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, asked that they be read.

The SPEAKER directed the Clerk to read the endorsement on the paper.

The endorsement was as follows: "Resolutions of the Legislative Assembly of Oregon, instructing their Senators in Congress to resign, they having voted for measures plainly unconstitutional, which have overthrown civil liberty and free government, and consigned the citizens of eleven States to odious and despotic dictatorship."

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois—The title is enough. I move that the paper be returned to the source from which it came.

Mr. WILLIAMS—I second it.

Mr. WOOD—Let us have the paper read. I want to know what it is.

The SPEAKER remarked he had presented the matter to the House because it came from a State legislature.

Mr. GARFIELD remarked the paper was indecorous in title.

Mr. WOOD asked if the House could say whether the paper was indecorous till read?

The SPEAKER directed the paper to be read in full.

The resolutions of the Legislature declare the Oregon Senators, Messrs. Williams and Corbett, have betrayed and misrepresented the people of that State in voting for the reconstruction measures, for the tenure-of-office act, for the act affecting the Supreme Court, and for the impeachment of the President, and instructing them to resign in order that persons might be elected as their successors who would fairly and honestly represent the State of Oregon in the United States Senate.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, said if he had known the character of the paper he would have objected to its being read. He offered the following:

Resolved, That the paper just read be returned to the presiding officers of both Houses of the Oregon Legislature, the same being scandalous, impertinent and indecorous.

Mr. WOOD rose to make a remark.

The SPEAKER intimated the previous question had been moved and discussion not in order.

Mr. WOOD went on to say the paper was from the Legislature of a sovereign, loyal State. [Call of "order."]

The SPEAKER repeated that discussion was not in order.

The previous question was seconded and the main question ordered—yeas 127, nays 15.

The resolution was adopted without division.

Mr. WINDOM, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a resolution calling on the Secretary of War for information as to the cost of suppressing Indian hostilities in 1866, '67 and '68. Adopted.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, introduced a bill to repeal the tenure-of-office act of March 2d, 1867. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. INGERSOLL asked leave to introduce a bill supplementary to the National Bank act, and asked that it be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. RANDALL moved its reference to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

The question arising on the reference of the bill, Mr. Ingersoll withdrew it for the present.

Mr. CLARK, of Kansas, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a joint resolution for the repeal of certain stocks held in trust for the Cnoctaw and Chickasaw Indians. Ordered printed and recommitted.

Mr. GARFIELD, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill to restore the Bureau of Indian Affairs to the War Department from the first of January, 1869, and moved the previous question on its passage.

Mr. WINDOM hoped a bill of such importance would not be passed under the previous question.

Mr. GARFIELD said if the previous question was seconded he would be entitled to an hour to close, and he would distribute that time among those who desired to discuss the bill.

The previous question was seconded.

Mr. GARFIELD stated briefly and advocated the purposes and provisions of the bill, remarking that all the leading military officers, Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, and others, recommend the change.

Mr. WINDOM opposed the bill and denied that Gen. Sherman recommended the change. On the contrary, the Peace Commission, with that officer, all hesitated to make such recommendation. If there was any department of the Government that was the great maelstrom of the Treasury, it was the War Department. He had shown last session that to take care of seven thousand Indians in Arizona under the War Department it had cost a million and a half of dollars, while the 300,000 Indians in the whole country had cost only $4,000,000. He referred to the immense expense of carrying on Indian wars, and thought with such facts the House ought not to pass the bill without having it printed and giving a chance to read it.

Mr. CLARK, of Kansas, favored the passage of the bill. The Indian Bureau, he said, was an open and standing disgrace to the Government. He referred to the recent Commission to the Osage Indians, and stated that the Commission was attended by a vast retinue of speculators; that it made a treaty by which eight million acres of land were taken for a song and transferred to men whose reputation was not above suspicion.

Mr. PAYNE was in favor of the transfer to the War Department, but thought the bill should be amended to require bonds from the officers having the making of contracts and disbursement of money.

Mr. SCHENCK advocated the bill, because he thought no reform proposed in the House would be so effective in breaking up a foul nest of thieves as the passage of the bill would be. He spoke of Indian agents as a parcel of corrupt civilians, interested in getting up Indian wars, in which they incurred no peril, and argued that when the War Department would have control it would be much more likely to avoid than provoke war.

Mr. HIGHER opposed the bill, and gave it as his judgment that the attempted removal would prove a failure. He thought the Government in its dealings with the Indians would have to come back to the principles of William Penn.

Mr. GARFIELD closed the debate and read an extract from the report of General Sherman, dated November 7, 1868, in which it is stated he come to the conclusion there is but one thing to be done with the Indian Bureau, and that is to tranfer to the War Department.

The discussion being closed, Mr. WINDOM moved to lay it on the table. Negatived.

The bill then passed—yeas 116, nays 33.

Mr. JULIAN introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. SCHENCK gave notice that he would move, on Thursday, after the morning hour, to proceed to the business on the Speaker's table.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, said he would make the motion now in order to get at the bill annulling the stationery contract of the Interior Department with Dempsty & O'Toole.

The House refused to proceed to business on the table.

Mr. ROBINSON obtained the floor to speak on the subject of American citizens imprisoned in Great Britain, and offered a resolution calling on the President for information on the subject. He declared every day Warren and Costello were allowed to remain in British prisons without remonstrance on the part of the American Government the country suffered disgrace. These men had been convicted, he argued, for acts done and words spoken in the United States, and had been refused their right to a mixed jury. If he had his will, no man should eat his dinner, no woman marry a husband, and no business of life be carried on, until there was a declaration of war by the United States Government against Great Britain.

Mr. WOOD made a few remarks, declaring he concurred in the views of his colleague.

Adjourned.

—At New York some important discoveries in smuggling goods were made the other day, and Collector Smythe and the Treasury detectives have got on the trail of an extensive ring of smugglers extending to the Canadian border, and we may possibly have some developments soon in the smuggling business at par with the doings of the whisky ring.

NATIONAL BOARD OF TRADE.

Convention at Cincinnati—Sixth Day's Proceedings—Adjournment.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, Dec. 8.—The Convention assembled at a quarter past ten this morning.

Mr. Gano offered a resolution that the members of the Board of Trade deplore the frightful calamity which resulted from the collision of the steamers United States and America, and take occasion to express their sense of horror at the event, and tender to the relatives and friends their heartfelt sympathy.

Mr. Monroe, of Dubuque, spoke at great length on the subject of improvement of the Chesapeake Canal.

Mr. Stranahan, of New York, moved the previous question on the matter proposed by Mr. Monroe, and it was carried.

Mr. Burcell, of New Orleans, favored reducing, as far as possible, municipal and local charges of all ports of entry and delivery of this country.

On motion of Mr. Randolph, of Chicago, it was resolved that the Convention adjourn with to-day's session, to meet in Richmond, Virginia.

A vote of thanks was given to the Mayor and City Council of Cincinnati for their courtesy.

Mr. Hazard, of Buffalo, offered a resolution favoring the enlargement of the Erie and Oswego canal.

Mr. Bagley, of Detroit, offered a resolution recommending that a bounty be allowed on all materials of American growth and manufacture entering into the construction of vessels built in the United States equal to the amount which would have been paid if they had been imported. Carried.

Mr Shyrock, of St. Louis, made a few remarks favoring the restoration of navigation, by Congress, to that tributary of the Mississippi river, the bayou Manchae, connecting the Mississippi with Mobile Bay and the Gulf of Mexico.

Mr. Bagley thought it was the duty of Congress to inquire into the present depressed condition of the copper interest, and adopt such measures as may be deemed best to make the interest a source of revenue to the Government.

On motion of Mr. Stranahan, the Convention adjourned for lunch.

CINCINNATI, December 8.—The Convention re-assembled at twenty minutes of two o'clock.

The report of the Committee on the subject tax and tare on cotton, which was referred to the Executive Council, was taken up.

A motion to allow a certain portion of the duties to be paid in legal tenders was lost.

A proposition from the Boston Board of Trade in favor of forty days' notice being given by the Secretary was adopted.

A proposition from the Louisville Board of Trade, referring to the Mississippi Levees, was supported by one on the same subject by Mr. Topp, of Memphis, which was carried.

A proposition of the Dubuque Board of Trade in reference to the Pacific Railroad, the route on nothern branch having been turned from its original course' was submitted and lost.

A proposition in reference to the New York and Erie Canal was submitted and unanimously carried.

A proposition of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce in reference to making of standing reports by Board of Trade was accepted by a unanimous vote.

The Board of Trade of Cincinnati submitted a proposition in reference to the local authorities interfering with the National corporation, which was referred to the Executive Council.

Mr. Gano, from the Cincinnati Board of Trade, submitted a proposition in reference to the cental system. Referred to Weights and Measures Committee of Congress.

A vote of thanks was returned to President Fraley for his able manner in presiding over the body.

On motion of Mr. Plummer, of Boston, the civil service bill was taken from the table, which was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Allen, of Philadelphia, Board adjourned, after listening to a parting address and passing a vote of thanks to members of the press and Secretary of the Convention.

THE LATE RIVER DISASTER.

Bodies Identified—Scenes Among the Suffering and Friends of the Lost.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, December 8.—The excitement relative to the terrible disaster to the steamers United States and America is still intense. Parties are ariving from all quarters, making inquiries for lost friends and relatives known to have been on these boats. A portion of the remains will arrive here to-day on the steamer Gen. Lytle for recognition and interment. Dispatches from Florence, Indiana, say: Thirty-three bodies have been received from the United States and America. The following have been identified: Jas. John, of Louisville; John Fennell, Newport, Ky.; Emil Moreau, Wm. Johnson, Wallace Farris, Lexington, Indiana; Mr. Farber, of Hanover, Indiana; Mrs. Geo. W. Griffin, New Orleans; Mrs. Mary T. Thompson, Philadelphia; and sixteen colored men of the crew of the United States. With the exception of a few ladies, the remainder are supposed to be those of the colored crew. The scene at Warsaw, Kentucky, beggars description. Relatives are hunting each other, and the wounded are screaming with pain. People who, at home, are blessed with wealth, are bemoaning their sad fate. Clothing is continually furnished them by citizens and everything is done to render them comfortable.

Central and South America.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 8.—The Rising Star brings $225,508 in treasure, and Panama dates to the 29th.

An arrangement has been made by which Spanish vessels coming to the Pacific to trade with Ecquador shall not be molested by the Chilian navy, and in case of need may touch at Chilian ports.

The United States ship Wateree, washed ashore at Arica, was sold at auction for $6,000.

An appeal has been made to the President of Panama to expel from the Isthmus Smith *alias* Clinton, the alleged swindler, so the United States authorities may get hold of him.

A great flood has occurred on the Isthmus, checking operations for the time on the Panama Railroad. The town of Ancud, in Chili, was destroyed by fire on the 20th of October. Loss $50,000.

A revolution in Magellan was promptly suppressed.

The troubles in Bolivia remain unsettled.

Affairs in Peru are improving. The opposition to the Government is very weak. The Government has ordered that the rise of ten shillings per ton on guano shall not take effect until the deposits belonging to Mr. Moore be exhausted. This was produced by a remonstrance from consignees to the United States.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Court of Claims Statement—Treasury Clerks Discharged—Bonds to Pacific Railroads—Report of Special Commission as to Condition of Central Pacific Railroad—Fraudulent Voting—Revising Senate Committees—Constitutionality of Legal Tender Act.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8, 1868.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

The Clerk of Court of Claims has presented to Congress, in accordance with the law, a statement of all judgments rendered in that Court for the year ending December 7th. It shows that judgments to the extent of $800,000 have been rendered, one for $123,000 for captured cotton, and other large sums on the same account.

REPORT OF SPECIAL RAILROAD COMMISSION.

The following is the telegraphic report of the Special Commission recently appointed to examine the Central Pacific Railroad:

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 3.—*O. H. Browning, Secretary of the Interior, Washington*—The Central Pacific Railroad is well and substantially built to Wadsworth, on the Truckee river, one hundred and eighty-nine miles from Sacramento, except two bridges now nearly finished. The grades and curves are within the limits and the locations are satisfactory. The rails weigh fifty-six to sixty-four pounds to the lineal yard. The ties are of sound timber and of full size, and are laid at the rate of two thousand four hundred to the mile. The track is firmly laid and ballasted. The culverts and bridge foundations are of heavy granite masonry. The bridges are of the Howe truss pattern, well framed and ironed. The tunnels are sixteen feet wide. About twenty miles of the Sierras are covered with snow sheds. Passenger trains can run from fifteen to thirty miles per hour safely and smoothly. The equipment of rolling stock, engine houses and machine shops is fully equal to the demands of the traffic. Seventy-nine locomotives are running on the road and eighty more are on the way. On the new portion of the road along the Humboldt Valley the cross-ties, bridges and rails are up to the standard. There are a few minor defects, not of vital importance, in culverts, drains and width of embankments. These can be remedied at a small cost when the hurry of pushing forward the road is over. Heavy trains of rails, ties and fuel are running safely to the extreme end of the road, four hundred and forty-five miles from Sacramento. The road is being constructed in good faith, in a substantial manner, without stint of labor or equipment, and is worthy of its character as a great national work. The telegraph line is first class.

[Signed] SHERMAN DAY.
R. S. WILLIAMS.
LLOYD TERRIS.
Special Commission.

GEORGIA AFFAIRS.

A memorial was presented to Congress from members of the Georgia Legislature, protesting against the manner of organizing the Provisional Government in that State, and the subsequent action of the Legislature, wherein the following occurs: "Your memorialists also respectfully submit to the discretion of Congress, whether the constitutional amendment has been adopted by the Legislature of Georgia, and whether further legislation is not necessary before the State can legally resume her status as a State in the Union, entitled to all the privileges of a loyal State. They present these facts in behalf of themselves and over six huudred and fifty thousand loyal citizens of Georgia, and trust their appeal will not be in vain." The memorial is signed by Benjamin Conley, President of the Senate, and fifteen other Senators, and J. B. Bryant, J. H. Caldwell, and forty-four other members of the House, including expelled members.

SUPREME COURT.

The Supreme Court to-day was occupied in the hearing re-argument in a number of cases involving the constitutionality of the legal tender act and the application of the act to trusts and contracts made before its passage. Hon. B. B. Curtis argued in favor of the validity of the act, and Hon. Clarkson N. Potter against it. The argument will probably occupy several days.

FRAUDULENT VOTING.

Judge Fisher, in his charge to the grand jury to-day, instructed them to inquire into instances of fraudulent voting by non-residents employed in the military service at the June election, and omit no effort to bring them to condign punishment for violation of the law.

CLERKS DISCHARGED.

The force employed in the Treasury was reduced yesterday by the dismissal of twenty-five lady clerks. It is contemplated to make a large reduction of the clerical force of the department during the present month.

VISIT TO SPEAKER COLFAX.

A large number of Indianians, including Senator Morton and members of the House of Representatives, and Secretary McCulloch, probably one hundred persons in all, made a visit to Speaker Colfax and wife this morning.

REVISING COMMITTEES.

The Republican Senators in caucus appointed Messrs. Edmunds, Ramsey, Conkling, Trumbull, Sherman, Rice and Pomeroy a committee to revise the standing committees.

MORE BONDS ISSUED.

The Secretary of the Treasury yesterday issued bonds amounting to $12,800,000 to the Union Pacific and $640,000 to the Central Pacific Railroad.

PUBLIC DEBT.

The forthcoming public debt statement will show the coin in the Treasury $88,000,000, including $23,000,000 in coin certificates.

—Shocks of an earthquake have taken place near San Luis Potosi. The inhabitants of San Luis fear a new volcanic eruption near that city, the air being full of ashes and smoke, and the earth shaking with a subterranean noise. An earthquake shock was felt in the City of Mexico on the 6th of November. It was also felt at Puebla. Shocks were felt for three days at Iturbide, and a new volcanic eruption was feared there.

—At Louisville, Kentucky, a shooting affray occurred yesterday afternoon, which resulted in the killing of John Ford by James Wheeler.

FROM EUROPE.

International Telegraph Arrangements—Formal Resignation of Mr. D'Israeli as British Premier—Bismarck Desires Peace—Marine News.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, December 8.—The new telegraphic arrangements throughout Europe go into effect on the 1st of January, in accordance with the agreement made at the International Telegraph Convention recently held at Vienna for the modification and equalization of tolls. The rates are to be considerably reduced, and Morse's and Hughes' instruments are selected for use on the various lines.

A very heavy gale prevailed throughout England on Sunday night and Monday morning. Many telegrams reporting marine disasters have been received. The shipping in harbors has suffered much. Houses were blown down and the damage is very great.

LONDON, December 8.—D'Israeli had an interview with the Queen yesterday at which he resigned the seats of the offices. Among the appointments which have been settled is that of John Duke Collridge as Solicitor General.

The *Times* to-day congratulates Mr. Gladstone on the speedy formation of his Cabinet.

Frederick Dundas, liberal, has been returned to the House of Commons from Orkney.

Much regret is expressed that Chief Jussice Cockburn has not been appointed Lord High Chancellor.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—The *Moniteur* says Count Bismarck, soon after his return to Berlin, had an interview with the Ambassadors of France, England and Russia, and assured them of his confidence in the maintenance of good feeling between European powers.

PARIS, Dec. 8.—The funeral of M. Berryer took place yesterday. It was attended by M. Thiers and many other notabilities. A deputation from the English and French legal professions and delegations from several typographers and carpenters associations were present.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, December 8.—The steamer Aleppo, from New York, arrived yesterday.

BREST, December 8.—The steamship Ville de Paris, from New York, arrived to-day.

LIVERPOOL, December 8—The bark North Britain, from Quebec for Southampton, was wrecked off Mount's Bay. Six of the crew were lost.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, December 8, 2 P. M.—Consols, 92¼, money; 92¼ account. Five-Twenties are quiet and are quoted at 74¼. Stocks are steady; Erie, 25½; Illinois Central, 96¼.

LIVERPOOL, Dechmber 8.—The Cotton market is easier and sales were made of 800 bales at 10¾@10¾ for Orleans; 11@11¼ for Manchester; at the close the market was heavy. Breadstuffs—Corn is easier but lower; sales at 38s. 9d. Oats have declined to 3s. 7d. Wheat: 9s. 4d.@9s. 5d. for red western. Flour, 25s. 6d. Barley and Peas remain unchanged. Provisions—Lard is firmer and sold at 66s; other articles are unchanged. Petroleum market is firmer but not higher. Linseed Oil is flat.

LONDON, December 8.—Sugar is quiet. Tallow sells at 50s. 9d.

PARIS, December 8.—Bourse closed dull. Last night Rentes were 70f. 20c.

HAVRE, December 8.—The Cotton market was heavy; sales were made on spot and to arrive; on spot at 127 francs; to arrive at 121 francs.

LONDON, December 8.—*Evening*—Consols for money, 92⅜; for account, 92½. Five-Twenties, 74¾. Stocks are firmer and higher; Erie 26. Illinois Central, 96½.

LIVERPOOL, December 8.—*Evening.*—Cotton is dull and unchanged; sales 8,000 bales of western. Flour is quiet and steady. Beef dull. Petroleum firm; refined sold at 106d.

LONDON, December 8.—*Evening.*—Spirits Turpentine, 28s. 3d.

CHICAGO.

Fare Arrangements for the Army Reunion—A Curious Will Probated.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, December 8.—All the railroads centering in Chicago, and the Burlington and Missouri, Dubuque and Southwestern, Lake Shore, Pennsylvania Central, Pennsylvania Eastern, Alientown and New York, Baltimore and Ohio, Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw, Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, will supply tickets at reduced rates to all who wish to attend the reunion of the Armies of the Tennessee, Cumberland, Ohio and Georgia, on the 15th and 16th inst.

The will of Walter L. Newberry, who died recently on board the steamer Ville de Paris while on his way to Europe, was proven to-day before Judge Bardwell, and Hon. Mark Skinner and E. W. Blatchford named as executors. The testator places the value of his property at two millions of dollars, and the executors were required to give bonds in the sum of four millions of dollars. With the exception of a few small bequests to friends and distant kindred, he leaves his entire estate to his wife and two daughters, both unmarried, with certain peculiar conditions attached. For instance, if the daughters marry the first male issues of such marriage shall each receive the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, on condition they take the name of Newberry. If either daughter shall marry a man by the name of Newberry, this condition shall hold good with their issue.

In case his wife dies and his daughters die without issue, the estate is to be devoted to the founding of an immense library, to be known as the Newberry library.

DISASTER AT SEA.

Foundering of the Ocean Steamer Hibernia—Passengers Thought to be all Saved.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, December 8.—A dispatch to Henderson Brothers, agents of the Anchor Line in this city, from Handyside and Henderson, of Glasgow, under date of December 8th, says: The Hibernia in a heavy gale broke her shaft and stern pipe, sprung a desperate leak and foundered on the 25th ult., in latitude fifty-three degrees and longitude twenty-nine degrees. The passengers and crew behaved admirably, and were embarked in an orderly manner in five boats, duly provisioned. The Captain's and boatswain's boats, containing fifty-two persons, and including all the cabin passengers, excepting Nelson A. Olds and G. Mason, have arrived safely. Three boats, under the first, second and third officers, containing the remainder of the passengers and crew, eighty-one persons in all, are still missing, but their safety is hoped for.

NEW YORK CITY.

General Grant and Admiral Farragut Entertained by the Union League—A Speech from the General—Commodore Meade Decided not to be Insane.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 8, 1868.

General Grant this afternoon attended the wedding of Ex-Governor Fox's daughter to Professor Benjamin, of West Point Academy.

General Grant was entertained by the Union League Club to-night with a grand dinner and reception, at which Admiral Farragut was also an honored guest. In reply to a toast to "Our Guest—the General of the Army and President elect," the General, who was received with loud and continued applause, said:

"*Gentlemen of the Union League*—It is with entire regret that I find myself unable to respond in appropriate language to the warmth of feeling with which the toast has been received. You all know how unaccustomed I am to public speaking. [Hearty laughter and applause.] How undesirable a talent, I think, to possess. How little good it generally does. [Tremendous laughter and cheers.] And how desirable to see more of our public men follow the good example, which I believe, in this particular, if not others, I have set them. [Tremendous applause.] I must, however, express my acknowledgments to the Union League of this city, as well Union Leagues of other cities, for the great benefits they conferred on the government during the rebellion through which we have passed. I wish to acknowledge their liberality towards myself, and towards the soldiers serving against the rebellion, and to thank them for it."

Gen. Grant's speech was followed by uproarious applause, which continued for several minutes.

Admiral Farragut responded in appropriate terms to the toast "Our Navy and its great Admiral." Various other toasts were given and speeches made, and the proceedings did not terminate until a late hour.

Commodore Meade was produced in Court this afternoon under the writ of *habeas corpus*, and Dr. Halstead, who was appointed to examine his condition, testified that he was perfectly sane.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The vote on negro suffrage in Iowa was: For suffrage, 105,384; against, 81,119; majority for, 24,576.

—George Peabody has made another donation of one hundred thousand dollars to the London poor.

—The canals of New York closed on Monday last. Nearly every boat freighted for tide water reached Albany before closing.

—The postmaster at Gallipolis, Indiana, Edward S. Newton, has been arrested for abstracting one hundred dollars from a letter.

—A bill will be introduced in Congress, shortly, containing regulations for the government of telegraphs and the secresy of private dispatches.

—Judge Fullerton has assured the President that he has proof of fraud sufficient to justify the removal of most of the Federal officers in New York city.

—Wm. R. Price, bookkeeper for Tull & Baker, of St. Louis, was arrested on Saturday, charged with embezzling several thousand dollars from his employers.

—A wooden block, comprising about twenty tenements, at Roxbury, Mass., was destroyed by fire yesterday. Fifty poor families were rendered homeless.

—Yesterday the snow storm continued at Rochester, New York, accompanied by a gale. The snow was nearly twelve inches deep on a level. The trains mostly out of time, but so far all got through.

—The resolutions introduced in the City Council of St. Louis last week, providing for a select Committee to investigate the affairs of the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company were adopted yesterday.

—In New Albany, Ind., yesterday, a young man named S. S. Mocre, Jr., was shot and instantly killed by Mrs. Melissa Morton. The tragedy was brought about by remarks from Moore which reflected upon the character of Mrs. Morton.

—At Wheeling, Va., the weather is very cold. Snow to the depth of four inches fell here on Monday night. The fall of snow on the mountains is heavier than known for years. No through trains from the east have arrived since five o'clock on Monday. They are all snow bound on the top of the Allegheny mountains.

—It is understood Gov. Brown, Senator Hill, Col. J. E. Bryant, and other prominent Republicans of Georgia, are opposed to any further Congressional interference with affairs in Georgia. They disagree with and oppose the policy advocated by Gov. Bullock, and are not willing to admit that the reconstruction of Georgia is a failure.

New Orleans Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, November 7.—Cotton ¼c better; middlings 22¾c; sales 3,750 bales; receipts, 3,281 bales. Gold 135¼. Sterling Commercial 145¾a136¼. Bank 146¾a147. New York Sight Exchange ¾a½ discount. Flour higher for low, grades; superfine $7,00; double extra $7,25; treble extra $7,50a8,00. Corn 76a80c. Oats steady at 62c. Bran firm at $1,20. Hay; choice scarce at $23a25. Mess Pork scarce and higher; Bacon; shoulders 17c; clear rib 17½c; clear sides 19¼c. Lard firm; tierce 16½a17½c. Sugar firm; common 8½c; prime 11¾a11½c; clarified 12¼a12½c. Molasses firm; strictly prime 59a60c. Whisky firm at $1,02¼a1,05. Coffee firm and unchanged.

Albany Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, December 7.—The demand for cattle to-day is fair, and prices ¼a½c higher, but towards evening trade grew dull and some sales were forced on about 1,200 head at 5a6c for poor; 7a8¼c for ordinary to good, and 9a9¾c for extra; the most of the stock is of good quality. Sheep is in good request at 3¼a4¾c for State; 4¼a5c for Michigan and Illinois, and 5¼a6½c for Canada sheep and lambs.

Cambridge Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CAMBRIDGE, December 8.—Beef Cattle; there is a better feeling in the market and prices advanced ¼a½c; receipts, 869 head; sales of extra at $12,50a13,00, first quality $11a12, second quality $10a10,50, third quality $8a9,50 per cow. Sheep and Lambs in fair demand for good lots, and prices range at $1,25a4,75 per head.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, December 8.—At the evening board wheat was quiet and weak, closing at $1,14¾ for No. 2 spring in store. Corn nominal at 52½a52¾c for new. Oats nominal at 49c.

Nashville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, Dec. 8.—Cotton quiet; low middlings at 21¼c; good ordinary 20½c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LETIERS FROM MRS. SWISSHELM.

NUMBER SIX.

(Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

The Responsibility of the Churches.

Among the causes which conspire to fill houses of ill fame, forcible and fraudulent abduction hold a prominent place; but for these, Christian people are not often responsible; and, in discussing the subject it is principally important to discover wherein they are to blame, as it is to them we must apply for the remedy. It is the Gospel that must redeem the world, and whether that Gospel is preached inside or outside the organizations which take the name of Christian, it is to its preaching we must look for the uplifting of humanity. In as far as an individual or a church is governed by the law of which "one jot or one tittle cannot pass away until all be fulfilled," in just that far is he or it, void of offence; and in so far as professing Christians fall short of the standard of the Divine law, in just that far are they "a stumbling block, and rock of offence." In this position stands the great mass of Christians, and almost every branch of the professedly Christian church.

They are a stumbling block in this, that they follow *i. e.* permit their members to follow the lead of the Parisian prostitutes who dictate what our women shall wear and when and how. It is a fact, too notorious for any one to plead ignorance of it, that the public prostitutes of Paris dictate what is, or what is not to be worn; and that our Christian women bow to their behests. One often wonders, as when they ordered tilting hoops, whether modesty is a virtue, whether it is a part of a true woman's nature, or only a whim. The Empress who used to set our fashions, has long since been laid upon the shelf as a leader of the ton, and has found herself unable to control the mode even in her own drawing room, where her husband's mistress has flaunted her new styles in the face of the insulted wife; and American Christian women have adopted these styles. Of course these women invent modes to suit their own purposes; and we are gravely told that the virtuous women of Paris are obliged to imitate them or forego the admiration of their own husbands. In other words, the worst class of women invent styles of dress for the worst kind of purposes, and respectable women enter into competition with them, for admiration, and fight the battle on the line laid down by the enemy.

By far the most elegant toilettes I have ever seen were on street-walkers, out proclaiming their shame, and writers tell us that the loose women of Baden Baden far surpass, in elegance of attire, any of the titled nobility who appear there; and, to my mind, it is one of the most unaccountable of all unaccountabilities that respectable women will consent to be converted into poor imitations of these magnificent moths. It is perfectly astonishing that they are not "left alone with their glory" until their contaminated finery is as disreputable as the means by which it is obtained; but, instead of contempt for the arts by which they lure souls to destruction, our Christian women render them that most subtle homage of imitation, and think, by adopting those same arts to produce a contrary effect from that for which they were contrived. Thus, they leave the more vain and thoughtless of their sex without restraint in their love of finery, and that love lures more souls to destruction than any other cause, and perhaps more than all other causes combined.

Fashion and finery are so essential that she is a brave woman who dares go to church in a last year's bonnet; and to gratify the love of dress, or rather to avoid the supposed odium of being unfashionably dressed, thousands of women sell themselves like sheep in the shambles. Can we wonder that it is so when the Church and Christian communities have joined with the vile women of the Old World—the recruiting sergeants of Satan's army—to make their allurements honorable? Who shall answer for the lost souls, who have gone astray in their attempts to be like the grand ladies who sweep to communion tables in velvets and satins, loaded with ephemeral gew-gaw trimmings, which cost enough to support a family for a year, while the poor shiver with cold and hunger? Who shall draw aside her dainty robes from the contaminating touch of a lost woman, when she has acted the part of tempter, in holding up a false standard of respectability.

Do not our fashionable ladies teach by every act of their lives that dress is the one thing needful, and what protest is made by those who profess to have come out from the world and to be separate? How can we expect poor girls to stand alone and upright against an overwhelming public opinion which says that beads, and bugles, and fringes, and folds, and flowers, and feathers, and a general conglomeration of fuddles, more costly than good clothes, and ephemeral as April snow, are essential to respectability? Christian women, or women whom the churches recognize as Christian, sacrifice the honor of their husbands, as business men, and the comfort of their children, for trimmings; and what right have they to blame the poor girls who sacrifice their own honor on the common shrine for a little more fringe and lace? What does a dress or cloak amount to without the price being doubled for something to be sewed on it, or plastered over it, or hung to it in some kind of way? The garment itself is a small matter; but the trimmings, the trimmings, and how to put them on! This is so great a perplexity, and so grave a matter of discussion, that I have sometimes wondered if we would not soon have a new edition of the book of Common Prayer, and have it introduced into all our churches, with a special petition, for every day of the year, asking wisdom to decide how the dress shall be trimmed for that particular day.

I intend no irreverence; for I do not understand how a Christian can think and talk two-thirds of her time on a subject that she cannot pray about, and if a woman's happiness and respectability do really depend on the kind of trimming she is to wear, and the forms in which it is put on, she ought to make it a subject of hourly prayer. How many professedly Christian women make it the great business of their lives to get dressed? No one should follow a business about which he or she cannot ask Divine direction. If engaged in any such, he or she should ask deliverance; and surely the Christian world never more needed deliverance than now, for a frightful responsibility is resting upon her. She has joined hands with the man thieves, and partaken with adulterers, not only in connection with our crowning national sin, but succumbing to the arts of the worst class of an infidel and licentious people, who are teaching us to sacrifice honor and virtue and domestic peace to the arts by which they lure men to destruction.

Until our churches shall make a stand against that inordinate love of ornament which sweeps all before it, we cannot hope to stay the licentiousness by which it was created, as a potent auxiliary. It has made its way, as an entering wedge, into thousands upon thousands of homes which still hold its ugly mother at bay; but thousands have entertained the offspring and found it a precursor to the parent vice. As men given over to a love of strong drink, will sacrifice all to gratify that love, so women given over to a love of finery will resign all for a litte more gimp.

JANE G. SWISSHELM.

A Pennsylvania Leather-Stocking.

[Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

To visit the Pennsylvania oil regions and not meet with some individual possessing characteristics which render him conspicuous among all men, displays a lack of observation on the part of the visitor. There are a few oil princes, with rough corners just disappearing from their characters, fellows who, a few years ago, drove canal boat horses, broke stones or chopped cord wood to gain a livelihood, but who, during the flush times of the oil mania, managed to get rich through the stupidity and cupidity of the petroleum hunters. Then there are the smellers, a race of beings endowed with supernatural powers, who sniffle about a piece of land, at so many ducats per minute, to discover the presence of oil away down between the surface and China. When the smeller strikes the right place, his nasal organ is attracted to the ground, and he falls in spasms to the earth. These paroxysms last a few moments, when the charm is over, and the smeller arises, drives down a stake at the exact spot for the drill, pockets his fee and marches off. There are many who take large stock in the supernatural powers of the smeller, and would go their last dollar to follow his nose in development. The faith in the ability of the smeller to scent out oil localities has been materially strengthened of late by the actual discovery of good sites for wells, and the fellows are reaping a rich harvest out of the credulity of those engaged in the development of new territories.

There are other eccentric classes worthy of place here, but we will take the better side of life for a brief sketch of a character who is universally known throughout the region and who occupies a large share of veneration and respect. By common consent and custom he is familiarly called "Uncle Billy, the hunter," but he was christened, some seventy-one years ago, William Groves. He was born of parents who were born before those of early pioneer settlers of America. Originally from Belgium—where many millions of dollars are now stowed away in judicial coffers awaiting the claims to be made good of several brigades of the heirs of the first Groves who crossed the deep blue sea—this race of people brought into America many of the traits and characteristics of *der faderland*, but rapidly fell into the habits and customs of the wild country in which they had cast their lot, and became daring and intrepid hunters and backwoodsmen. The early traditions of the State teem with exploits of bravery, endurance and achievements of the elder Groveses, and while Uncle Billy is the last of the original stock who gave themselves up to a semi-nomadic life, he is none the less a good specimen of the pioneers who figured before him. He was introduced to life in 1797. His father shared the glory of sending "Bigfoot" into eternity by way of a bullet wound and the Ohio river, an adventure which made Major Brady famous in the history of the country. Uncle Billy is the very ideal of a hunter, a veritable leather-stocking. He is hale and hearty, quick in action, fleet-footed, wiry and muscular. He has two sharp gray eyes—all good hunters have gray eyes—which are strangers to glasses, strong as those belonging to the ordinary run of people at one-third his age. There is a look of intelligence about Uncle Billy, and the air of a true American sovereign. His ruddy, glowing face, having here and there deep set wrinkles, beams with benevolence and kindness. He moves with a quick, nervous stride, and thinks nothing of walking thirty or forty miles a day on a hunting excursion. Let the grumbling, gouty old men at home, who are hauled about on easy chairs, and have scarce life enough in their bodies to arouse from their languid inertness, think of this and contrast their own condition with that of the old hunter of Forest county.

Uncle Billy is a hunter from instinct, training and desire. He has a philosophy of his own, rude and crude, and yet broad enough to admit of no doubt as to its sincerity. He holds that man was placed upon earth, not to amass a fortune, nor make his name illustrious. Peace of mind, contentment, happiness, and enjoyment, are the objects to be sought in this world of ours, rather than wealth, notoriety or fame. For full three score years Uncle Billy has satisfied his ambition by attending to his farm in Summer time and through Fall and Winter leveling his rifle at royal game and making the wildest retreat of the forest his castle. What cared he for the wealth poured forth at the feet of man out of the bowels of the earth, so long as *all* the deer roaming the wilds of Venango and Forest counties were not driven from his reach by the onward march of the army of speculators. He despised the tempting offers, running into tens of thousands of dollars, for the old farm on which he, with his family, lived and thrived, and looked upon the greedy site hunters with no charitable eye, seeing in each one of them a full contradiction of his philosophical ideas of life. Uncle Billy did not envy his neighbors on French Creek, who rolled in wealth, because, forsooth, they had chosen to change places with men of capital; but prosecuting his agricultural labors with becoming zeal, felt satisfied that want and hunger remained from his doors. The harvest was before him; the forest with its bountiful wild game, his rifle, his eye, his unerring shot, remained to strengthen his ideas of contentment, and he was happy. Could all men partake of his self-satisfied nature, a happy world we would have.

Uncle Billy is as full of the anecdote of adventure as any other living man on the face of the globe. He has had dealings with everything and everybody short of Belzebub. Some of his stories would put the best contributors of the New York *Ledger* to shame. Uncle Billy would run on all day, and night, too, in interesting story, if we had the time to listen to him. He would prove a fortune to any author of the Sylvanus Cobb school of literature, as he could, out of his own experience, furnish food enough for hundreds of long drawn out stories. He has fought Indians, and wolves, and bears, and snakes, and panthers, from Maine to Mexico. He knows every strip of forest in the State by heart, has a name for every towering hill or mountain, has islands marked with unerring fidelity, and creeks, and runs, and river bends traced with marvellous accuracy on the map of his brain. He can track a deer or follow a bear any number of miles by the faintest trail, and as a marksman is truly perfect.

While hunting with him, he was disappointed that he had no fair opportunity of displaying his rifle skill, and in the absence of game he determined to waste two bullets for his own glorification. Seeing, fully fifty yard from him, a stick of wood, about one inch in diameter, standing horizontally in the middle of a shallow spot in the river, he took aim straight from his shoulder and the bullet sped to its mark, cutting it in twain. "That would have torn the antlers from a buck," coolly remarked Uncle Billy, in a tone of self-satisfaction with the result of his shot, "but now I'll show you how I would blind the eye of a bear at one hundred yards." Pointing to a delicate spot of white moss on a tree about that distance away, he took aim, and the bullet, faithful to a nicety, drove the mark into the bark. Our eyes being of a much later style than Uncle Billy's, we followed suit and shot a bullet clear—of the tree, a result by no means flattering to our vanity.

Altogether, our hero, is a study. A man of sound sense, of well cultured mind and self started train of thought, he is for aught we know to the contrary, the best living type of the American hunter and backwoodsman. He averages one hundred deer and considerable other game every winter season, which brings him a handsome revenue. He is of a religious turn of mind, too, but adheres to no sectarian belief, finding the foundation of his faith in the grandeur of nature. He knows God through His handiwork, and worships Him in the temple of the Forest, where awful silence forever reigns, and where unspoken sermons, more powerful than man could utter, lay unction to his soul from the rocks and rills about him. On the Sabbath, with no eye but that of the God Eternal resting upon him, Uncle Billy enjoys repose, and would not harm anything breathing life. He observes the Lord's day because it is the Lord's day, not like those laying higher claims to christianity, governed by the world's opinions rather than the promptings of conscience. Uncle Billy believes that his hunting days are drawing to a close. He reads in the many years through which he has passed the penalty of mortality—the warning that death can not be far distant, but he trembles not. Having abiding faith in the merits of his Redeemer he is ready to pass away when the awful summons comes. He has a presentment that he will die suddenly; all of his forefathers have died aged, but without many hours for immediate preparation. Sickness has been a stranger to him through life, and he feels that when the human machinery which now propels him forward becomes disordered, a general breaking up will take place, and the engine of life will suddenly stop forever. He would be buried in the forest where the mighty chorus of nodding trees chant endless praises to the Creator, and where Nature forever holds communion with Nature's God.

H.

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The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have published for gratuitous circulation a pamphlet containing interesting and valuable statements of this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any sending us their address.

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Sealer of Weights and Measures,
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Orders promptly attended to. apl8

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Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOUPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2:n9

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FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COUNTY HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

FRESH ASPARAGUS—VERY
CHOICE: put up in cans hermetically sealed and will be found equal to that fresh from the garden. for sale by JOHN A. RENSHAW,
de2 corner Liberty and Hand streets

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 135¼.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 8, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money steady, 6a7 per cent on call, with exceptions at 5 per cent, Sterling firmer at 93½@93¾. Gold lower, opening at 136¼ and closing at 135¼.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments weak and lower. Coupons 1881, 114¾@115; do. '62, 110¾@110¾; do. '64, 107¾@107½; do. '65, 107¾@108; do. new, 110½@110¾; do. '67, 110¼@110¾; do. '68, 110¼; 10-40s, 105⅝@105⅝.

STATE BONDS.

State Bonds are quiet; the quotations are: Missouris, 89; Old Tennessees, 68¾; New do. 68; New North Carolinas, 63; Virginias, 55¾.

STOCKS.

Stocks are dull and lower. New York Central opened at 17¼, fell to 124, and closed at a fraction above that figure. Northwestern fell to 77½ for common and 80¼ for preferred on the revival of the injunction story, which has no foundation in fact, as yet, but closed somewhat higher. There was considerable talk on the street of a contest at the approaching election of Directors of the Pittsburgh Road. The Erie combination hold a large amount of stock, and the parties interested in Fort Wayne are working for the present management. There was lively bidding for proxies to-day, and one per cent. was paid for round lots. The general market closed dull and unsettled.

FIVE-TWENTY PRICES:—Cumberland, 38¼@38¼; Wells Express 26¼@27; American 44½@46; Adams 46@46¾; Merchant's Union 15¾@18; Quicksilver 22½@23; Canton48@49; Pacific Mail 1,15⅝@1,15¼; Western Telegraph 36¼; Hartford Erie 26¼@27; Mariposa 5@6; Preferred 20½@21; New York Central, 124@124½; Erie, 37⅝@37⅞; do. prefrred, 59@60; Hudson, 128@129; Reading, 98¼@98½; Terre Haute 38@39½; do. preferred, 60; Wabash, 57¼ St. Paul, 65½@65¾; do. preferred, 84½@82¾; Fort Wayne, 111⅛@111¼; Ohio and Mississippi, 30½@30¾; Michigan Central, 119½@120; Michigan Southern, 87@87½; Illinois Central, 144¼; Pittsburgh, 85@85¼; Toledo, 101¼@101¾; Rock Island, 107½@107¼; Northwestern, 78@78⅛; do. preferred, 80@80¼; Cincinnati and Indianapolis 76.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares dull.

COPPER STOCKS.

Copper stocks at Boston—Copper Falls, 18; Franklin, 13½; Hancock, 3½; Minnesota, 2; Quincy, 16.

SUB-TREASURY MATTERS.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury to-day were $2,517,794; Payments, $507,261; Balance, $90,613,293.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, December 8.—Cotton firmer and more active; sales of 4,200 bales at 34½c for middling uplands. Receipts—flour, 6,542 barrels; the market is 5a10c better; sales of 9,400 barrels at $5,75a6,15 for superfine State and western, $6,70a7,75 for extra State, $6,60a7,75 for extra western, $8,20a9,85 for white wheat extra, $6,90a9,10 for R. H. O., $7,50a10,00 for extra St. Louis, $10a12,50 for good choice do; closing quiet. California flour quiet; sales of 350 sacks at $6,75a9,75 via Horn, $10,50a12 via Isthmus. Rye flour quiet; sales of 250 barrels at $6,50a8,40. Cornmeal in moderate request; sales of 1,000 bbls Fairfax and Brandywine at private terms. Whisky lower; sales of 300 bbls western at $1,02a1,04; latter price for retail parcels. Receipts—wheat, 2350 bushels; the market is 1a2c better and very quiet; sales of 15,000 bushels at $1,57½ for straight No. 2 spring; $1,62 for common No. 1 do. Rye quiet; sales 8,000 bush western at 21,50. Barley dull; sales 2,000 bush at 2,15. Barley Malt dull. Corn a shade firmer but not active; sales 52,000 bush at $1,12a1,14 for unsound, $1,14½a1,15 sound mixed western in store, $1,17a1,17½ afloat, $1,13 new do, and $1,12 new white southern. Oats 1c better, with an active speculative demand; sales of 14,700 bush at 77a78c for western in store, 79½a80c afloat, and 80c for State afloat. Rice dull. Coffee in moderate demand; sales 160 bags Laguayra at 16c. Sugar firmer; sales 1,100 hhds Cuba at 11a11¼c, and 150 boxes Havana at 12¾c. Molasses in fair request; sales 1,000 bbls New Orleans at 64a77½c, and 50 hhds Porto Rico at 55½c. Hops quiet at 10a23c for American. Petroleum firm and quiet at 17¼a17¾c for crude, and 32½a33c for refined bonded. Linseed Oil firm at 95a96c. Pork quiet and unchanged; sales of 550 bbls at $25,50a26,50 for mess, $25,75a25,76 for old do, $19,50a20,50 for prime, $22,00a24,50 for prime mess, $25,25a25,50 for thin mess; sales were also made of 750 bbls mess, seller, February 25. Beef more active; sales 710 bbls at $13a6,50 for new plain mess; $16a20 for new extra mess tierce; sales 170 tierces at $27a30 for prime mess; $30a34 for India mess; beef hams are firm; sales 115 bbls at $30a32. Cut meats are quiet at 10a11c for shoulders; 12a14½c for hams; middles are more active with reported sales of 850 boxes at 13½a14c for Cumberland cut; 14½a14¾c for short ribbed; 12½a12½c for Cumberland cut, January. Lard is firmer and there is a moderate demand; sales are reported of 700 tierces at 14½a15¾c for steam; 15¾a16¼c for kettle rendered; also sales of 750 tierces steam, sellers January and February at 15¼c. Butter is quiet at 25a40c for common; 40a50c for State. Cheese is quiet and firm and brought 14a19c. Spirits Turpentine is dull at 45½a46¼c. Freights to Liverpool are dull and unchanged.

LATEST—Flour closed more active and a shade better for low gredes, and very quiet for other kinds. Wheat very quiet, buyers and sellers apart; sellers No. 2 spring $1,58; buyers $1,55. Rye quiet and steady at $1,50 for western. Oats firm at 78c for western in store; 80c afloat. Corn steady at $1,14a1,15 for mixed western in store, and $1,17 afloat. Pork quiet and firm at $25,75a26 for mess. Beef steady and in fair demand. Cut meats quiet and unchanged. Bacon is firm with a good inquiry. Lard firm at 15½ 15¾c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet and steady.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, December 8.—Flour and grain dull and unchanged. Cotton opened dull and closed firmer, at 22¾c for middling. Whisky closes dull at 98c. Mess pork advanced to $24, and is now held at 24,50. Bulk Meats firmer; demand is not large for shoulders; 9¼c for sides; 12¾a13c for clear rib, and 13¼c for clear sides. Green Meets advanced to 8¼a11¼a13c for shoulders sides and hams. Lard held at 14¼a14¾c for prime steam and 15¼a15½c for kettle rendered; these rates are above the views of buyers. Bacon; there was a good demand for clear sides; 80 hhds, about all in the market, sold at 15½a16c, closing at the latter rate but nominal, there being no more ready. Cheese 2a4c higher; the demand is good for Western Reserve at 17a17½c; factory 18a18¼c. Butter firm at 35a40c. Linseed Oil 96a98c; the market is firm. Lard Oil firm at $1,30. Flax Seed advanced to $2,75. Timothy to $2,75a2 90. Gold 135¼ buying. Exchange very dull, 1½a2 discount buying and par selling. Money market very close at 10a12 per cent.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, December 8.—Receipts, 33,000 bush wheat, 15,000 bush oats, 4,500 bbls flour. Flour market steady and dull. Wheat—sales 10,000 bush No. 1 Chicago at 2,49; 3,000 bush white Canada at $2. Corn shade easier, with sales 14,690 bush No. 1 and western at $1a1,01. Oats better, with sales 8 cars western at 65a65½c. Rye unchanged. Barley in better demand, with sales 800 bush Canada at $1,05; also, 2,000 bush Canada at private terms, and 300 do. at $2. Pork firmer at $25. Lard higher at 25c. Highwines nominal. Dressed Hogs quiet, with sales 200 at $10 20a10,25, averaging 640 pounds.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, December 8.—The cold weather has curtailed receipts, and the produce market for most articles is stiff to-day. Tobacco unchanged, and very little offering. Cotton sold at 19c for ordinary, and 22c for middling uplands. Flour—low grades are scarce and wanted; sales superfine at $5,25a6; extra at $6,25a6,75; double extra at $7a7,50. Wheat—fancy fall active at full prices, and other grades firm for fair to strictly prime at $1,45a1,75; choice and fancy sold at $1,80a2,05. Corn 2c higher, at 67c for mixed, and 68½a70c for white. Oats firmer and higher at 24a58c. Barley firm but unchanged at $1,80a2,05 for prime to choice Iowa. Rye scarce and higher at $1,20a1,25. Whisky unsettled, with sales at 94a95c. Lard held higher and above the views of buyers; small sales were made at 14½c for tierce, and 15¾c for keg. Pork advanced to $24, with excited feeling on the part of holders; packers generally are holding out of market. Bulk Meats higher and very firm, with sales dry salted shoulders at 9½c; clear rib sides at 13c, and clear sides at 11¾c. Sweet Pickled Hams at 12½c. Bacon quiet and unchanged; sales loose shoulders at 10½c; packed do. at 11c; clear sides, new and old, at 16¼a16½c. Receipts, 1,500 bbls flour, 6,800 bush wheat, 5,600 bus corn, 2,100 bush oats, 400 bush barley, 258 bush rye, 4,000 head hogs.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, December 8.—Eastern Exchange in good supply and easy at 1-10 off buying, and 1-10 premium selling. Flour quiet; spring extra, $6,75. Wheat opened firm; subsequent sales of No. 1 at $1,24a1,28; No. 2, $1,16a1,18¾; sales No. 2 since opening at $1,16. Corn; old nominal at 80c; new firmer and quiet at 52¾c, closing steady at 52½c; kiln dried quiet at 60c for No. 2, and 59a59½c for rejected. Rye firm and quiet at $1,15 for No. 1, and $1,14 for No. 2 in store. Barley in moderate demand and firm; sales No. 2 at $1,61a1,63, closing at 1,62. Highwines dull at 94c for free. Provisions active. Mess Pork, $25; $23,50a24,00 cash; $23 seller January, and $23,50 seller February. Green Shoulders firm at 8¼c; Green Hams, 12c; Sweet Pickled Hams; seller January, 12½c. Lard active at 14¼a14½c, cash and future delivery. Dressed Hogs active and 25c higher; sales at $9,25a9,75. Receipts for past 24 hours—10,514 bbls flour, 36,100 bus wheat, 50,795 bus corn, 20,318 bus oats, 2,430 bus rye, 2,900 bus barley, 6,420 hogs. Shipments—8,500 bbls flour, 4,413 bus wheat, 24,478 bus corn, 5,886 bus oats, 6,277 bus rye, 2,030 bus barley, 283 hogs.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, December 8.—Flour steady and unchanged, and in good local and interior demand, principally for high grades; city made thrible extra white $11,25a11,50, double extra amber $9.50a9,75, double extra red winter $8,25a8,50, double extra spring $7,50a7,75, extra spring $7a7,25, country made double extra red and amber $8a8,75, double extra spring $7a8, double extra white $10a10,75. Wheat dull and inactive but firm; No. 1 red winter is held at $1,83a1,85, No. 2 do $1,65a1,67, No. 1 western spring $1,60a1,62. Corn dull; old No. 1 shelled is held at 95a97c, new do 76a80c as to condition, the latter price for small lots. Oats firm and unchanged; No. 1 is held at 60c. Rye dull and firm; No. 1 is held at $1,38a1,40, and No. 2 at $1,33a1,35. Barley quiet and steady at $1,02a1,05 for No. 1, Canada and State nominal. Petroleum firm and the demand good at 27½a28c for car lots on the spot, and 29a30c for trade lots.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, December 8.—Flour is dull, with an extremely limited demand, and sales were made of Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family at $7,50a8,25, Pennsylvania and Ohio do. at $9a10,95, and fancy at $11a13. Wheat is dull and drooping, with sales of fair to good at $1,85a2, and amber at $2,10a2,12. Rye is held at $1,52a1,54. Corn is arriving freely, and sales were made of 4,000 bushels new yellow at 95ca$1, and old do. at $1,21a1,22. Oats is steady at 67a72c for western. Petroleum is firmer, with sales of crude at 21c, and refined at 29¾c. Provisions are dull. Mess Pork is held at $26a26,50. Lard is held at 14¾a15c. Whisky, $1,04a1,06.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, December 8.—The Flour market is quiet. Wheat: amber is 1c better, and white Michigan is 5c better; No. 1 white Michigan sold at $2,08; white Michigan at $1,86 to $1,87; amber, $1,81; No. 2 red, $1,71; No. 3, $1,50; No. 3 spring, $1,08 to $1,10. Corn: old is steady and new is 1c better; sales are reported of old No. 1 at 85c, new, 71c; new was rejected at 65c. Oats are ½c better; sales of No. 1 are reported at 59c. Rye is steady and No. 1 sold at $1,30; No. 2 at $1,25. Barley is quiet. Dressed Hogs are ½c better; sales are reported at 9¼a9½c.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, December 8.—Flour more active and prices unchanged. Wheat lower at $1,25¾ for No. 1, $1,16 for No. 2. Oats firm and active at 48c for No. 2. Corn steady, at 65c for new. Rye nominal. Barley nominally unchanged. Receipts—3,000 bbls flour, 4,000 bush wheat, 5,000 bush oats, 400 bush corn, 300 bush rye. Shipments—500 bbls flour, 1,000 bush oats, 1,000 bush rye.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, December 8.—Tobacco, the market is steady; with sales of 59 hhds. Cotton at 22c. Hogs are active at 8a8½c gross. Flour, superfine at $5a6. Wheat at $1,75a1,90. Corn at 55a58c. Oats at 53a57c. Rye at $1,35a1,33. Mess Pork at $25. Lard 15a15½c. Bulk Meats, shoulders at 9¼a9¾c, clear rib sides 13¼a13¾c, clear sides 13¾a14c. Whisky firm at 98ca$1,00.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, December 8.—Flour is dull, and holders are firm. Wheat is dull and unchanged. Corn dull and lower; new white, 85a90c; choice, 94a96c. Oats firm at 70a73c. Rye nominal. Mess pork dull at $26,50. Bacon scarce and little doing; rib sides, 17c; clear sides, 18¼a18½c; shoulders, 14½a18c. Lard firm at 16c.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, December 8.—Cotton quiet and nominal at 22¾c; receipts, 1,279 bales; exports, 454 bales. Flour. $6,50a12,06. Corn, 65a70c. Oats, 63c. Hay, $18a22. Bran, 23c. Pork, $24. Lard, 16a17c. Bacon dull; shoulders, 12½c; clear sides, 17c; bulk shoulders, 10c; clear sides, 14c.

Cincinnati Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, December 8.—Hogs advanced to $8a8,25 gross and $10a10,25 net; the market was buoyant and holders asked higher prices.

St. Louis Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, December 8.—Hogs; the snow storm has slacked receipts, and prices are relatively higher, ranging from 7½a8c.

IMPORTS BY RAILRAOD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, December 8.—5 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 2 do do, John Moorhead; 1 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do corn, O H Allerton; 1 do do, Robb & Herron; 1 do scrap iron, Mullin & Maloney; 34 boxes cheese, N J Braden; 74 bbls apples, Woodworth & Davison; 2 cars limestone, Wampum Lime Co; 10 bbls apples, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 2 stoves, 4 pots, L Robinson & Co; 11 bbls eggs, Arbuckles & Co; 89 steel bars, Anderson & Woods; 11 casks rivets W P Townsend; 1 car corn, D Wallace; 2 bbls apples, 9 kgs apple butter, H Rea; 1 6 bags rye, J C Kurtz; 4 bxs cheese, J Heck; 15 crates iron, T Maloney; 500 bbls flour, 400 sacks do, T C Jenkins; 1 car wheat, 11 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 1 car middlings, H Schnelbach; 100 bbls flour, J S Dilworth & Co; 5 bbls alcohol, B L Fahnestock & Co; 40 bxs nails, Logan, Gregg & Co; 15 bxs crackers, Kramer & Bohn; 10 do glass, A & D H Chambers; 58 green hides, Lappe & Weise; 18 bbls cullett, McKee & Bro; 1 car middlings, McClean & McKee; 2400 splice bars, Jones & Laughlin; 1 car rye, D Wallace; 50 tcs gaease, F Sellers & Co; 100 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, December 8.—7 cars iron billets, Nimick & Co; 110 bbls highwines, Shipton & Wallace; 38 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 1 car lumber, Slack & Sholes; 3 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 3 kegs butter, 1 bbl eggs, J N Simeon; 8 boxes poultry, 1 bx beeswax, 5 bbls beans, Morrison & Devol; 26 bbls molasses, James Connor; 2 bbls rye flour, P Duff & Son; lot sundries, Graff & Reiter; 3 bbls tallow; W Flaccus; 20 bbls apples, F G Craighead; 38 sks oats, R C Henderson; 31 do do, A Harrison; 19 sks rye, McHenry & Hood; 42 bbls oil, S B Floyd & Co; 70 bbls salt, G Pritchl; 2 bbls wine, Geo Schleline; 1 car brick, Columbia Oil Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R.R., December 8.—55 bbls oil, Fisher & Bro; 80 do do, P Weisenberger & Co; 2 cars metal, John Moorhead; 5 do limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 1 car metal, McKnight, Porter & Co; 3 pkgs sundries, Watt & Wilson; 141 oil bbls, H W C Tweddle; 1 car metal, H Woodsides; 1 pkg butter, 1 do poultry, L J Blanchard; 1 car metal, Everson, Preston & Co; 4 sks flour, 4 do rye, Knox & Orr; 9 hides, 2 bdls pelts, G N Hoffstott; 89 greenhides, 2 bdls dry do, M Delange; 5 sks rags McCullough, Smith & Co; 50 bbls refined oil, Johnston, Payne & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, December 8.—213 green hides, John Taggart & Son; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 1 do do, J H Lindsay; 2 do limestone, Superior Iron Co; 10 bbls oil, S M Cummings; 1 car staves, J M Hemphill; 4 cars iron ore, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 104 bgs flaxseed, M B Suydam; 1 car hay, H J Henderson.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily at this point, with eight feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. Had it not been for the sudden change in the weather, there would doubtless have been ten feet last evening, instead of eight.

Business was more active at the landing yesterday, the offerings of freight being more liberal, and had it not have been for the icy condition of the levee, rendering teaming a little hazardous, it would, no doubt, have been still better.

The arrivals since the date of our last report, include the New York, from Cincinnati, and the Armenia and Maggie Hays, from St. Louis.

The Glendale was dropped to the point yesterday afternoon to take on about one hundred tons of railroad iron for St. Louis.

The Grey Eagle, Capt. C. L. Brennan, is the regular packet for Parkersburg to-day, leaving punctually at noon.

There was considerable floating ice in the Allegheny yesterday, but it was thin and of no consequence, so far as navigation is concerned. If the weather, however, does not moderate, and that, too, before long, the ice will soon become formidable, and navigation restricted, if not suspended.

The Bayard, departed for Cincinnati, with a fair trip also, the Ingomar for Parkersburg, and the Jnlia No. 2 for Zanesville.

The Tom Farrow and Barges, arrived at Cincinnati on Sunday, with about 800 tons of freight.

The Mary Davage and Barges, Capt. Shedden, are filling up steadily for New Orleans, and will be the first boat out.

The Camelia, Capt. Thos. Poe, will be the first out for Nashville.

Milton Woods, one of the pilots of the towboat Lake Erie, No. 3, was among the ilifated America's passengers. He jumped overboard and swam ashore. Capt. Wm. Campbell, of the tow-boat Mary Alice, was also on the America. He jumped overboard with Woods and swam ashore. He lost his watch, leaving it under his pillow.

—Mr. R. E. Burch, formerly a well known New Orleans pilot, has returned to the river after an absence of several years.

—The St. Charles has gone into the packet trade between Cincinnati and Louisville, which was rendered necessary by the recent disaster.

—Inducements are offered Capt. Stut Neal to place the Richmond in the mail line between Louisville and Cincinnati, in place of the America.

—Capt. J. F. Luker has sold his one-fifth interest in the Vicksburg packet Luminary, to J. Lee Finney, who has in turn sold it to Capt. J. N. Bofinger, Capt. Luker will continue in command for the trip, after which he will transfer to Captain Bob. Rilev.

—The Dubuque lies at Fulton City, and the Canada, Reserve and Bill Henderson are on the ways at Le Claire. The Charlie Cheever is at Rockingham, and the Keithsburg at Montrose. All the rest of the Northern Line boats, twelve in number, are at St. Louis, except the Pembina and New Boston. The fifty-two barges of the line are scattered along in different ports from St. Paul to St. Louis.

—The work of raising the J. N. McCullough is progressing favorably, according to the latest advices we have. The rising river swung her on the chains attached to the flats on each side of her, and raised her off the bottom of the river, so that she swung around with her head almost directly down the river. On Wednesday night the swells of one of the mail boats caused several of the chains to part, which has delayed the work somewhat.

—An inventor in New York City announces that he has discovered a new and perfectly practical method of propelling vessels by steam, whereby a saving of seventy-five per cent. of the power can be effected. The mechanical construction is said to be perfectly simple, consisting in a pair of steam oars, so arranged that only the parts corresponding to the impinging surfaces of the blade come in contract with the water, the other sides never touching the water. It is asserted that a canal boat of 200 tuns can be propelled two miles an hour with less than one-horse power of steam, and larger boats with a speed varying as the square root of the horse-power employed.

River and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, December 7.—The river is rising, with seven feet and ten inches of water in the canal The weather is clear, thermometer sunk to 26 to-day.

STAINED GLASS—P. Z. & D.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS—We have in stock a large assortment of styles and various widths of thoroughly seasoned Floor Oil Cloths, which we are offering to the wholesale and retail trade at prices lower, taking quality into consideration, than can be had la this city.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
no30 26 and 28 Sixth street.

GREEN OIL CLOTH FOR WINDOW SHADES—We are now manufacturing this article of a quality superior in finish, and at prices lower than can be had of any Eastern manufacturers. Dealers will find it to their interest to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
no30 26 and 28 Sixth St., formerly St. Clair.

BUSINESS, BUSINESS.—For sale the lease, fixtures, and good will of an old established Produce Commission House now doing a good business, and having a large correspondence and consignments. The warehouse is one of the best stands in the city for the business. Apply to or address S. CUTHBERT & SON,
de5 25 Smithfield street.

CEMENT—50 barrels Hydraulic Cement in store and for sale by
no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

STEAMBOATS.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS.

FOR CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE, CAIRO, MEMPHIS, VICKSBURG AND NEW ORLEANS.—The
MARY DAVAGE AND BARGES,
JAMES SHEDDEN, Commander.
Will leave as above on
WEDNESDAY, December 9th.
Shippers should bear in mind that the DAVAGE will positively go through without re-shipping.
de4 CHARLES BARNES, Agent.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,
Marietta and Parkersburg Line.
Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street,
DAILY, AT 12 M.
MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,
BAYARD..... A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,
GREY EAGLE..... C. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
se14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

FOR NASHVILLE, DIRECT—The steamer
CAMELIA.....Capt. THOS. POE.
Will leave on
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10th.
for Evansville, Clarksville and Nashville.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
GHRIEST & HASLETT,
JOHN FLACK,
de4 Or, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

MISCELLANEOUS.

2,000,000 ACRES OF
CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.
BY THE
Union Pacific Railroad Company,
EASTERN DIVISION,
Lying along the line of their road, at
$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,
And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.
For further particulars, maps, &c., address
JOHN P. DEVEREUX,
Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas,
Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,
au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

STAINED GLASS—P. Z. & D.

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.
French Burr Smut Machines,
THE BEST WHEAT CLEANERS IN USE.
Portable Flour and Feed Mills,
BOLTING CLOTHS,
All numbers and best quality. For sale at
319 and 321 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
W. W. WALLACE.
au26

GLASS SHADES FOR
FLOWERS AND WAX FRUIT,
Oval, Square or Round.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, December 8th, 1868.
NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving
LONG ALLEY,
from Lewis alley to the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Also,
SPRING ALLEY,
from Morris to Rush street, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until DECEMBER 18, 1868, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.
des H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

GLASS SHADES FOR
FLOWERS AND WAX FRUIT,
Oval, Square or Round.

ECONOMIZE YOUR FUEL, by using the
SHIVE CENTRIFUGAL GOVERNOR,
the only true and easily regulated Governor made; perfect in its operations and truly reliable. A large size Governor can be seen at the office of PERCEVAL BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer and Solicitor of Patents, No. 79 Federal street, Allegheny City, the only agent for this Governor in the West.
se22:x98

SPECIAL PATTERNS—P. Z. & D.

FRESH FISH.—Benjamin Pulpress still continues to fill all city and country orders for
FRESH WHITE LAKE FISH, SALMON AND BASS.
Send to No. 45 DIAMOND MARKET, Pittsburgh, or his old well known TWIN CITY STAND, Allegheny market. oc30

GLASS SHADES—P. Z. & D.

NOTICE—Those interested will please take notice that the report of the viewers in the matter of opening LARIMER AVENUE, in the city of Pittsburgh, as modified by the court has been placed in my hands. The assessments, if not paid on or before JANUARY 6th, A. D. 1869 will be filed as liens in accordance with the law in such case made and provided.
J. F. SCAGLE, City Attorney.
Pittsburgh, December 5th, 1868. de7

GLASS SHADES FOR
FLOWERS AND WAX FRUIT,
Oval, Square or Round.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Dec. 5, 1868.
NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Construction of the BOARD-WALK on Centre street, from Ellsworth Avenue to Walnut street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, Dec. 16th, 1868, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for Collection.
de5:a99 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

CRYSTAL CLEAR Glass Shades.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, Allegheny City, Dec. 1, 1868.
NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving TURNER ALLEY, from Perry street to old city line, in the Third ward, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY December 9th, when it will be returned to the Street Commissioner for collection.
de2:a83 CHARLES DAVIS, Civil Engineer.

GLASS SHADES FOR
FLOWERS AND WAX FRUIT,
Oval, Square or Round.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, Dec. 4th, 1868.
THOSE PERSONS WHO PAID assessments on the Federal street and Montgomery avenue Sewers on or before the 27th day of November, 1868, are requested to return their receipts to this office, and the reduction authorized by Councils will be refunded.
de5 D. MACFERRON, City Treasurer.

GLASS SHADES—P. Z. & D.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Dec. 5, 1868.
NOTICE.—The assessment for the construction of the BOARD WALK on Centre avenue, from Kirkpatrick street to Ewart's corner, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, December 16, 1868, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
de5:a100 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1812.
W. M. GORMLY,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
No. 271 Liberty Street,
(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
se :y16
J. L. DILLINGER..... A. E. STEVENSON.
DILLINGER & STEVENSON,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 87 Second Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
RECEIVE AND SELL
All Kinds of Country Produce.
All orders for Merchandise promptly filled, at LOWEST market rates. Particular attention given to the sale of Butter, Eggs, Cheese Dried Fruits, &c. We feel confident that we can give entire satisfaction, by making QUICK SALES and PROMPT RETURNS, at HIGHEST MARKET PRICES, and therefore respectfully solicit your consignments. All correspondence answered promptly. Marking Plates furnished free. Grain in store and to arrive daily.
au31:t78

WATT, LANG & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Carbon Oil, &c.,
Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no8:n55

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.
M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.
No. 93 OHIO STREET, near East Common,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

J. B. CANFIELD.....A. T. CANFIELD.
J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Goshen, Factory, Hamburg and W. R. Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Dried Fruit, Grain, Pig Lead, Pot, Pearl and Soda Ashes, White Lime, Linseed, Lard, Coal and Carbon Oils, No. 141 First street, Pittsburgh.

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.
KEIL & RICHART,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,
349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
my24:b37

ALEX. M'BANE.....J. B. ANJER.
McBANE & ANJER,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. je5

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh.
fe22:n8

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap18:x89

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX.
R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City.
ja17:r87

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDW. HOUSE.....WM. H. HOUSE.
JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon Oil, Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.
SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:r58

PROFESSIONAL.

WM. B. NEEPER,
ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.
Special attention given to conveyancing and collections Deeds Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

JOS. A. BUTLER,
ALDERMAN AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
Office, 126 WYLIE STREET, near Washington
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments Depositions, Collections, and all other legitimate business executed promptly. mh20:n9

SAMUEL McMASTERS,
ALDERMAN,
Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh18

A. AMMON,
Justice of the Peace,
CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGT
CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM.
Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:y60

JOHN A. STRAIN,
ALDERMAN,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
Office, 112 FIFTH STREET, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch.

EUSTACE S. MORROW,
ALDERMAN,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
OFFICE, NO. 73 PENNA. AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mv29

J. S. FERGUSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
No. 87 Fifth Street,
SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM. ap4:w73

JOHN W. RIDDELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, 116 Diamond Street,
(Opposite the Court House,)
fe15:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. C. MACKRELL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
No. 89 Grant Street,
my24:n85 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
No. 98 FIFTH STREET,
ap8:n80:d&P PITTSBURGH, PA

WANTED—ON COMMISSION,
ONE HUNDRED TONS OF
POULTRY,
FOR THE HOLIDAYS
The highest market prices and quick sales guaranteed. Mark packages distinctly and send voices by mail.
H. P. BALLARD & CO.
Commission Merchants, 334 Washington street New York. no17:a31T

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH and CONNELLSVILLE R. R.
On and after TUESDAY, November, 17th, 1868 trains will arrive at and depart from the Depot corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail to and from Uniont'n.	7:00 A. M.	6:00 P. M.
McKeesport Accommod'n.	11:00 A. M.	2:05 P. M.
Ex. to and from Uniont'n.	3:00 P. M.	10:10 A. M.
West Newton Accommod'n	4:30 P. M.	8:35 A. M.
Braddock's Accommodat'n	6:15 P. M.	7:50 P. M.
Night Acc. to McKee sport.	10:30 P. M.	6:45 A.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED.
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:

GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

Terms—Daily.		Semi-Weekly.		Weekly.	
One year	$8.00	One year	$2.50	Single copy	$1.50
One month	75	Six mos	1.50	5 copies, each	1.25
By the week (from carrier.)		Three mos	75	10 " "	1.15
				—and one to Agent.	

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1868.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year,* $1.50; *in clubs of five,* $1,25; *in clubs of ten,* $1,15, *and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Letter from Mrs. Swisshelm, No. 6; A Pennsylvania Leather Stocking. Third page: River News; Markets by Telegraph. Sixth page: Finance and Trade; Pittsburgh Markets. Seventh page: The Washita Battle; Disfranchisement: The Facts; Imperial Discourtesy; Clippings.*

GOLD closed yesterday in New York at 135½.

IT seems probable that Mr. CARL SCHURZ will be elected to the United States Senate from Missouri. That State has no citizen who would fill that position with greater ability and usefuluess.

INFLUENTIAL sentiment at Washington, is averse to any present interference with two measures to which the majority stand prominently committed—the tenure of office law, and the law providing for the assemblage of each Congress on the day following the dissolution of its predecessor. The movement for the repeal of the first is engineered by what are known as "Conservative Democrats"—a class of politicians whose conservatism means an unimpaired hold upon official emoluments, and means nothing else. This class have not the control of a majority vote, just now, in either wing of the Capitol.

OFFICIAL COMPETENCY.

The country has reason to be gratified in Secretary MCCULLOCH'S very handsome and unqualified endorsement, both as to the principle and the details, of the bill of Mr. JENCKES, providing for a higher standard of qualifications for all officers in the Civil Service. This bill stands very near the first to be reached in the order of business, in the House, and its friends are sanguine that it will command a majority vote in both Houses. Modelled upon similar legislation in England, the measure comes recommended to our judgment by the most successful experience in that empire. When our offices shall be filled, without reference to a mere partizanship, by honest and capable men, the public service will be vastly improved in all its departments.

THE TREASURY REPORT.

We have prepared, and print this morning, a careful synopsis of this document, omitting none of the points which could have a general interest for our readers. The Secretary occupies himself mainly with those questions which are of paramount importance—the resumption of specie payments, the proper administration of our public indebtedness, and the ways and means for satisfying the unavoidable annual expenditure. His report affords a vast fund of information to the people, while his official recommendations, with a single exception, will command a very general approval. His hostility to any tariff which shall, in the minutest particular, prefer the protection of Home Industry to the repletion of the Treasury, is not even veiled under a flimsy disguise. In that regard, public sentiment will, happily, be unanimous only in admiring the frankness with which he avows his hostility to the true American system. Some of his suggestions have, nevertheless, great value, as, for example, the need for a revision of the tariff in view of the proximate change of relations under specie-resumption.

Apart from the peculiar opinions here adverted to, the Report reflects high credit upon the fidelity and executive competency of the officer, while it conclusively establishes the ability of the nation to pay its annual way and satisfy its existing obligations with promptitude, certainty and absolute integrity "in both letter and spirit."

DEATH OF THE HON. THOMPSON CAMPBELL.

We chronicle the painful news of the death of the distinguished gentleman whose name heads this notice, who died on Sunday last at San Francisco, California. Mr. CAMPBELL was a native of Western Pennsylvania for many years, a resident of Butler county, and afterwards a practicing lawyer of this city. He settled in Galena, Illinois, where he pursued his profession with marked success. He was at one time Secretary of State, and afterwards elected to Congress in the Galena district. A thorough scholar and gentleman, a genial companion, a frank, generous and sterling friend, he naturally drew around him hosts of warm and ardent admirers. Originally a Democrat, when the war broke out he put on the harness of loyalty, and fought secessionism with a boldness and vigor which gave him a prominent position in the Union party. He was a delegate to the Baltimore Convention in 1864—a warm supporter of President LINCOLN and GRANT, with both of whom he was personally and intimately acquainted. As a representative man of the Golden State, had he lived it is not unlikely that higher political and national honor was in store for him. He leaves an interesting widow, son and daughter to mourn the loss of a most kind and affectionate husband and parent.

THE PROTECTION OF LIFE.

The Vth section of an Act of Congress, passed July 25th, 1866, prohibits the carriage of "cotton, hemp, hay, straw or other easily ignitable commodity," on the decks or guards of any steamers carrying passengers" unless covered so as to prevent ignition from sparks. The section proceeds:

"Nor shall coal oil or crude petroleum be hereafter carried on such steamers, except on the decks or guards thereof, or in open holds where a free circulation of air is secured, and at such a distance from the furnaces or fires as may be prescribed by any supervising inspector, or any board of local inspectors."

This section comprehends all the existing legislation of Congress, for the protection of lives and property from the hazards inherent in the proximity of the most dangerous freight ordinarily known to commerce. That this protection is deficient, events have lamentably proved. The public experience demonstrates clearly the absolute necessity for prohibiting entirely the carriage of petroleum in any quantities, as freight, or under any safeguards, upon conveyances used also for passenger purposes. The exclusion should be imperative and without any reservation whatever. Nor should common carriers be permitted to use this destructive fluid, even for illuminating purposes, upon steamboats or railway cars. Its use in any form, where, under any contingency of accident, it could contribute to enhance the perils of travel, should be made punishable with rigorous penalties. Legislation of this sort, without compromise or proviso, is demanded for the public safety.

RAILWAY CONSOLIDATIONS.

It has been announced in the newspapers that the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company and the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad Company have been merged in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, by the conjoint action of the officers of these three corporations. Much more remains to be done before an actual consolidation can be accomplished.

An act passed by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, May 16, 1861, makes it lawful for any railway company, chartered by this Commonwealth, to merge its corporate rights, powers and privileges, into any other railroad company, so chartered, and connected therewith. To this end, the Managers of the respective corporations intended to be merged must first come to agreement, and their agreement must be reduced to writing, under the corporate seal of each of the companies. In this agreement all the conditions must be fully set forth. It is next made necessary to submit this agreement to the stockholders of each of the companies separately, at meetings to be specially called for that purpose, of which meetings notice shall be given for two successive weeks in one newspaper published in each of the counties into or through which the said railways may extend. If stockholders representing a majority of shares in any one of the companies reject the agreement, it falls and has no binding effect. If stockholders representing a majority of shares in two or more companies consent to the agreement, it becomes binding, upon the vote being certified by the secretaries of the respective companies, and the certificate filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. Thence forward the several corporations become one; though ample provisions are made for preserving the rights of creditors and liens upon the properties of the corporations merged.

By an act passed March 23, 1865, the right of merging was extended, so that a railroad company organized under the laws of this Commonwealth, and operating a road either entirely within the State, or partly within and partly without the State, under authority of this or any adjoining State, may consolidate its capital stock, franchises and property with any company chartered by this or any other State. This act provides for giving the stockholders written or printed notice of the contemplated merging, to be served personally or through the post-office, in addition to newspaper publication, the latter notice to be confined to some newspaper published in the cities or towns in which the companies have their principal offices.

If a stockholder of the minority shall be dissatisfied with the merging, he may petition the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which the principal office of the Company in which he holds stock is kept, to have the damage he has sustained determined and declared, which damages shall be paid him, or the value of the stock immediately preceding consolidation may be declared, and when the stockholder shall surrender his certificate to the Company his money shall be paid to him.

REPORTS from Cheyenne state that the railroad is completed to Bear river. Evansville, seventy miles this side of Salt Lake, is building up rapidly, and will soon be the terminus. A few weeks will witness the completion of the road to Salt Lake Valley. The Smoky Hill Railroad will be completed one hundred and thirty miles west of Denver by May. Railroad work west of the mouth of the Weber is going on rapidly, under direction of the Union Pacific. At the north end of Salt Lake the grading for a distance of seven miles is expected to cost $800,000.

—A telegram from Saint George, three hundred and fifty miles south of Salt Lake City, reports that the Navajoes have commenced depredations on the Rio Virgen and Colorado, and have already carried off a large number of horses. The citizens, aided by some friendly Indians, pursued and re-captured twenty horses and killed two Navajoes.

—A wood train on the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad was thrown from the track Monday afternoon, near Milbury station, killing John Niland and Michael Cosello. John Maloney was seriously and four or five others slightly injured.

ANNUAL TREASURY REPORT.

We make the annexed synopsis of this document, presenting its salient points:

The Secretary presents again his former views in behalf of the earliest possible resumption of specie payments. He remarks: "It is vain to expect on the part of the people a faithful fulfillment of their duties to the Government as long as the Government is faithless to its own obligations; nor will those who do not hesitate to defraud the public revenues long continue to be scrupulous in their private business." He adds: "There can be no doubt that the legal-tender acts have tended to blunt and deaden the public conscience, nor that they are chargeable, in no small degree, with the demoralization which so generally prevails." Recognizing, explicitly, the imperative need which forced that system of legislation upon us, he proceeds to re-state the economical objections to the continued use of these notes as lawful money. He still adheres to the opinion so frequently expressed by him, that a reduction of the paper circulation of the country until it appreciates to the specie standard is the true solution of our financial problem. But as this policy was emphatically condemned by Congress, and it is now too late to return to it, he recommends the following measures as the next best calculated to effect the desired result: 1st. The legalization of specific contracts to be executed in coin; 2d. That after the first day of January, 1870, United States notes shall cease to be a legal-tender in payment of all private debts subsequently contracted; and that after the first day of January, 1871, they shall cease to be a legal-tender on any contract, or for any purpose whatever, except Government dues, for which they are now receivable. The law should also authorize the conversion of these notes, at the pleasure of the holders, into bonds, bearing such rate of interest as may be authorized by Congress on the debt into which the present outstanding bonds may be funded. He sustains these two recommendations with arguments drawn from a sound financial philosophy and from the current experience of the Treasury. Quoting Daniel Webster's argument against irredeemable paper-money, he significantly adds that the constitutionality of the legal-tender acts "has not yet been sustained by the Supreme Court," and that "it is by no means certain that the Supreme Court will differ from Mr. Webster upon this question, and no one can fail to perceive how important it is that the legislation recommended should precede a decision (from which there can be no appeal) that United States notes are not, under the Federal Constitution, a legal tender."

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

These for the three years each ending in June '66, '67 and '68, were respectively $179,000,000, $176,000,000 and $164,000,000, omitting the fractions. He then adverts to the indications thus afforded in regard to our foreign trade and other financial relations with foreign nations. He estimates the amount of our securities, public and private, now held in Europe, exclusive of stocks, at $850,000,000, of which $600,000,000 are U. S. bonds, sent abroad since 1862 and that the aggregate has yielded to us probably not over $550,000,000 in gold values, but interest, mostly in gold, is paid on almost the entire amount, while we are increasing that amount so held by some $60,000,000 annually in gold-bearing bonds, and this in the face of an actual exportation within the past twenty years, of at least $1,100,000,000 in gold and silver, the product of our mines, and, adds the Secretary "under tariffs in a good degree framed with the view of protecting American against foreign manufacturers." It is to be observed that the Secretary, throughout his report, omits no opportunity to advance similar views in relation to the tariffs of the last eight years, in which views upon theory, or in fact, the friends of American industry take decisive issue with him. He dilates with force upon the injurious tendency of our large importations, paid for as they are in good part, not with our material productions but with evidences of debt, the interest upon which is paid to citizens of other countries not our own. This statement elicits a very compact argument against the inexpediency of such a policy, the Secretary evidently regarding the use to this extent of foreign capital as not a sufficient compensation for the interest-money actually sent abroad therefor. Upon this point, his Report will elicit a diversity of opinion and in quarters entitled to be heard. His statement of the advantages of a purely domestic debt would be logically conclusive, had he been able to add that our own people are rich enough to carry the principal, without detriment to the supply of capital for all other demands. He leaves this branch of the report with a conclusion which ensures a more general approbation. He says: "The country will not be really and reliably prosperous until there is a return to specie payments. The question of a solvent, convertible currency, underlies all other financial and economical questions. It is, in fact, a fundamental question; and until it is settled, and settled in accordance with the teachings of experience, all attempts at other financial and economical reforms will either fail absolutely or be but partially successful. A sound currency is the life-blood of a commercial nation. If this is debased the whole current of its commercial life must be disordered and irregular. The starting point in reformatory legislation must be here. Our debased currency must be retired or raised to the par of specie, or cease to be lawful money, before substantial progress can be made with other reforms."

THE REVENUES.

He acknowledges the vast importance of adapting taxation to the actual circumstances of the people, commends the creation of the Revenue Commission and, of its present chief, Mr. Wells, says, with justice, "with what energy and ability he has undertaken the very difficult duties devolved upon him, has been manifested by the reports which he has already submitted to Congress, That which accompanies, or will soon follow this communication, will prove more fully than those which have preceded it have done, the importance of the investigations in which he is engaged, and the judicious labor which he is bestowing upon them. The facts which he presents, and the recommendations based upon them, are entitled to the most careful consideration of Congress."

The following is a statement of the receipts from internal revenues for the last fiscal years:

For the year ending June 30, 1866	$309,226,813 42
For the year ending June 30, 1867	266,027,537 43
For the year ending June 30, 1868	191,087,389 41

The present year, thus far, indicates the receipts at $146,209,044. The falling off is attributed to inefficient collections and the reduction of taxes. He demands economy in expenditures; so that the average expenses of the civil service for the next ten years shall not exceed $40,000,000 per annum, with $35,000,000, exclusive of bounties for the War, and $20,000,000 for the Navy Departments, $30,000,000 for the Indians and Pensions, and an average rate of five per cent. upon the entire funded debt, or $125,000,000 per year, upon an annually dwindling principal.

He thinks $300,000,000 of receipts may be annually realized by judicious legislation and effective collections. To that end he demands a reduction of the tariff and an increase of the excise duties. Thus he hopes for an annual surplus of $50,000,000 to be applied to the principal of our debt, providing for unavoidably additional expenditures by additional taxes. He therefore asks—1st, an increase in the excise upon distilled spirits; 2nd, a restoration of the tax on manufactures abolished in March last; 3rd, an increased and uniform tax on sales.

TARIFFS.

While the present tariff has yielded large revenues, he says, "it is in no just sense a revenue tariff. It has not checked importations, while it has failed to give the anticipated protection to our manufactures by reason of the adverse influence of our own inflated currency. He recommends the extension of specific duties and a thorough revision of the tariff as a whole," to harmonize it with our excise taxes and to adapt it to the changes to follow a restoration to the specie standard," in which latter event, the present system "would be severely protective if not entirely prohibitory."

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

He shows that the debt has increased, from November 1st, 1867, to November 1st, 1868, $35,625,102.22. But the Pacific Railroads and Alaska received $31,352,000, with $41,060,515 for bounties and $4,000,000 for over due interest items. But the latter accounts will be closed in three months more. He regards the situation as satisfactory and says: "Should there be henceforth no extraordinary expenditures, and no further donations of public moneys in the form of bounties or of additional subsidies to railroad companies—with proper economy in the administration of the General Government, and with judicious amendments of the revenue laws, and proper enforcement thereof, the public debt, without oppressive taxation, can be rapidly diminished and easily extinguished within the period heretofore named by the Secretary." He adds: "The debt must be paid. Direct repudiation is an impossibility; indirect repudiation, by farther issues of legal-tender notes, would be madness. To insure its payment without a change in the essential character of the Government, every year should witness a reduction of its amount and a diminution of its burdens." He proceeds: "The war was virtually closed in April, 1865. On the first day of that month the public debt amounted, according to the books and accounts of the Department, to $2,366,955,077.34. On the first day of September following, it amounted to $2,757,689,571.43, having increased in four months $390,734,494.09. From that period it continued to decline until November 1, 1867, when it had fallen to $2,491,504,450. On the first day of November last, it had risen to $2,527,129,552.82. By this statement it appears, that, between the first day of April, 1865, and the first day of September of the same year, the debt increased $390,734,494.09, and that between the first day of September, 1865, and the first day of November, '68, it decreased $230,560,018.61; and that on the last day mentioned it was $160,174,475.48 larger than it was on the first day of April, 1865. Since then the Treasurer's receipts from all sources of revenue have been as follows:

For April, May and June, 1865	$ 83,519,164 13
For the year ending June 30, 1866	558,032,620 06
For the year ending June 30, 1867	490,634,016 27
For the year ending June 30, 1868	405,038,083 32
June 30 to November 1, 1868	124,652,184 42
Total of receipts	$1,662,476,062 20
To which should be added the increase of the debt between the first day of April, 1865, and the first day of November, 1868	160,174,475 48
	$1,822,650,537 68

This exhibit shows that the large sum of $1,822,650,537 68 was expended in the payment of the interest and of other demands upon the Treasury in three years and seven months, being an average annual expenditure of $508,646,661 68.

If the statement of the public debt on the first day of April, 1865, had included all debts due at that time, and $1,822,650,537 68 had really been expended in payment of the interest on the public debt, and the current expenses of the Government between that day and the first day of November last, there would have been a profligacy and a recklessness in the expenditures of the public moneys discreditable to the Government and disheartening to tax-payers. Fortunately this is not the fact. That statement, (as is true of all other monthly statements of the Treasury,) exhibited only the adjusted debt, according to the books of the Treasury, and did not, and could not, include the large sums due to the soldiers of the great Union army, (numbering at that time little less than a million of men) for "pay" and for "bounties," or on claims of various kinds which must of necessity have been unsettled. For the purpose of putting this matter right, the Secretary has endeavored to ascertain from the War and Navy Departments how much of their respective disbursements, since the close of the war, has been in payment of debts properly chargeable to the expenses of the war. The following is the result of his inquiries:

By the War Department	$595,431,125 90
By the Navy Department	35,000,000 00

It has been impossible to obtain an exact statement of the amount of such debts paid by the Navy Department, but sufficient information has been received to justify the Secretary in estimating it in round numbers at thirty-five millions, which is probably an under rather than an over-estimate. The expenditures of the War Department have been furnished in detail, and are believed to be substantially correct.

These figures show that the money expended by the War and Navy Departments, between the first day of April, 1865, and the first day of November, 1868, on claims justly chargeable to the expenses of the War, amounted to $ 630,431,125 90

To which should be added the amount advanced to the Pacific roads	42,194,000 00
Amount paid for Alaska	7,200,000 00
	$ 679,825,125 90

Deducting this sum from the amount of the revenues, $1,662,476,062 20, and $160,174,475 48, the increase of the public debt—the remainder, $1,142,825,411 78, or an average of $318,928,021 89 per annum, is the amount actually expended in the payment of current expenses and interest.

It is thus shown that within a period of three years and seven months, the revenues or the receipts from all sources of revenue reached the enormous sum of $1,662,496,062 20, and that $630,431,125 90 were paid on debts which were actually due at the close of the war, and for bounties which, like the pay of the army, were a part of the expenses of the war. Adding the amount thus paid to the debt as exhibited by the books of the Treasury on the first day of April, 1865, it appears that the debt of the United States at the time was $2,097,386,203 24, and that the actual reduction has been $470,256,650 42; and but for the advances to the Pacific roads, and the amount paid for Alaska, would have been $519,650,650 42.

Nothing can better exhibit the greatness of the resources of this young nation than this statement, or show more clearly its ability to make a "short work" of the extinguishment of the public debt. It will be borne in mind that these immense revenues have been collected, while one-third of the country was in great destitution, resulting from its terrible struggle to separate itself from the Union, with its political condition unsettled, and its industry in a great degree paralyzed; and while also the other two-thirds were slowly recovering from the drain upon their productive labor and resources—a necessary accompaniment of a gigantic and protracted war.

Urging fidelity to the duty of proceeding with the reduction of the debt, he renews the recommendations made in his first report, that a certain definite sum be annually applied to the payment of the interest and the principal of the debt. The amount suggested was two hundred millions of dollars. As the debt is considerably smaller than its maximum was esttmated at, the amount to be so applied annually might now safely be fixed at one hundred and seventy-five millions of dollars, according to the estimate already made in this report.

He adds an earnest recommendation "that it be declared without delay, by joint resolution, that the principal of all bonds of the United States is to be paid in coin." Also, that "the Secretary be authorized to issue $500,000,000 of bonds, $50,000,000 of which shall mature annually; the first $50,000,000 to be payable, principal and interest, in lawful money—the principal and interest of the rest in coin; and also such further amount of bonds as may be necessary to take up the outstanding six per cents. and the non-interest bearing debt, payable in coin thirty years after date, and redeemable at any time after ten years at the pleasure of the Government—the interest to be paid semi-annually in coin, and in no case to exceed the rate of five per cent.; provided that the Secretary may, in his discretion, make the principal and interest of $500,000,000 of these bonds payable at such city or cities in Europe as he may deem best.

The fact that, according to this recommendation, $50,000,000 of the bonds to be issued are to become due each year for ten consecutive years (at the expiration of which time all of the bonds would be under the control of the Government) would ensure an annual reduction of $50,000,000 of the public debt, and impart a credit to the other bonds which would ensure the negotiation of them on favorable terms."

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

Year ends June 30, 1868	Receipts	$405,638,083.32
" " "	Expenditures	377,340,284.86
" June 30, 1869	Receipts	411,000,000.00
" " "	Expenditures	336,000,000.00
" June 30, 1870	Receipts	327,000,000.00
" " "	Expenditures	303,000,000.00

In regard to the character of the revenue officers he has only to say, that there must be a decided change for the better in this respect if the system is to be rescued from its demoralized condition. After careful reflection, the Secretary has come to the conclusion that this change would follow the pasaage of the bill reported by Mr. Jenckes, from the Joint Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, on the 14th of May last, entitled "A bill to regulate the civil service and promote the efficiency thereof." The Secretary gives to this bill his hearty approval, and refers to the speech which was made, upon its introduction, by the gentleman who reported it, for an able and lucid exposition of its provisions, and for a truthful and graphic description of the evils of the present system of appointments to office.

NATIONAL BANKS.

On the fifth day of December last, the day for their regular quarterly reports, the number of National Banks was sixteen hundred and forty-four, seventeen of which were in voluntary liquidation.

Their capital was	$420,634,511 00
Their discounts	655,874,477 35
Their circulation	295,684,244 00
Their deposits	601,830,278 40

The Secretary commends the general policy of the system but notes prominent defects, specially the practice of Metropolitan Banks in loaning their capital "on call," of certifying large checks in advance of the actual deposit of funds to cover them, and of paying interest on deposits—all of which practices should be prohibited by law. The Comptroller should also be authorized to make his examination on days to be arbitrarily fixed by himself. Their circulation ought also to be more evenly distributed.

The Secretary asks attention to the necessity of more exact and stringent laws respecting the carriage of passengers, and also of such legislation as shall settle, so far as they can be settled in this manner, some of the vexed questions arising under steamboat laws.

The residue of the Report is devoted to the Alaska purchase, the marine hospitals, the revenue cutters and the condition of the ship-building interests. He objects to the present adoption of any treaty for reciprocity with the Canadian Dominion, and until that Dominion shall be entirely consolidated, but when that period arrives, he thinks the German Zoll-Verein may profitably be imitated on this Continent.

The Coast-Survey, the Mints, the Department of Statistics and the reports of other subordinate bureaus are briefly adverted to.

The Secretary depicts the extraordinary difficulties to be surmounted by the Treasury in meeting the situation after the close of the war, and defends the policy under which the public necessities have been met, preventing at the same time a commercial crisis and keeping the business of the country as steady as possible on its unsound basis. He insists that the Treasury has thus been able, in repeated instances, to save the country from panic and disaster, by the strength it derived from its large balances and its control over a considerable share of the available coin in the country. This power, he maintains, has been exercised with wisdom and integrity by all the agents of the Treasury.

As a whole, this Report is an able one, exhaustive in its statements and for the most part practically sound in its multifarious suggestions. Thus it affords a most valuable basis for the extended consideration which Congress is about to give to all the questions involved.

Hester Vaughn's Case.

HARRISBURG, December 6.—No further action has been taken in the case of Hester Vaughn. No death warrant has been issued, so no reprieve is necessary. The case remains precisely in the condition in which it was when the sentence of death was passed upon her over four months ago. Of course, without a death-warrant from the Governor, fixing the date, no execution can take place, Governor Geary, after a searching examination, has come to the firm conclusion that her case is one which, while it does not exactly merit death, deserves some punishment. The unfortunate woman having freely confessed her crime, it is not deemed fitting that a halo of glory should be thrown around the crime of the infanticide, and a premium be thus offered for its commission.

But, to ease the mind of Hester Vaughn, Governor Geary has explicitly informed her that the death penalty will not be enforced. The matter of pardon is, of course, still under advisement, though the case may eventually take a different shape.

There are now several individuals confined in Philadelphia, under sentence of death, one who has been in prison for eighteen years, no death-warrant having been issued. For several years past the Legislature has been asked annually to make some disposition of their cases; to authorize the Governor to commute the sentences to imprisonment for a term of years. The Legislature, at its coming session will be asked to make some special provision for these cases, including that of Hester Vaughn, and, if action is taken, the probabilities are that Hester's sentence will be commuted.

—An Omaha dispatch says the snow storm which had been raging for the past thirty hours, is the heaviest experienced in Nebraska for many years. There was about eighteen inches of snow on the level, and the storm still continued. So far trains have managed to move, but it is feared a slight wind will cause a serious blockade, both east and west. A Helena, Montana, dispatch says snow to the depth of six inches fell on Friday night,

THE DISASTER ON THE OHIO.

Our Cincinnati exchanges continue to furnish particulars of the recent terrible river disaster, and, as usual in such cases, any number of cases of presentment and premonition are being brought to light by travellers who attribute their escape to supernatural agencies. Here are a few of the presentments noted in the *Commercial:*

Captain A. Q. Ross, of the steamer Nick Longworth, states that while in Cincinnati, on Tuesday, he made every arrangement for his wife and two children to come to this city on the United States yesterday for the purpose of accompanying him South; but, on his arrival here on Wednesday, with no motive or reason for which he can give an explanation, he telegraphed his wife to take passage on the Kate Robinson, a stern-wheeler, with accommodations greatly inferior to those of the United States, and with officers entirely unknown to him, while those of the ill-fated steamer were his intimate friends. By this singular freak of mind on the Captain's part his dear wife and little ones were saved from the awful doom that swept asunder so many life-ties and sent the dark angel of mourning into so many family circles. Surely the hand of Providence was in the miracle.

An equally narrow escape from the dreadful fate of the human cargo on the States was made by Mr. Underwood and bride, of Bowling Green, who went eastward, only a few days ago, and arrived in Cincinnati, returning from the bridal, trip on Friday, with the full intention of coming down on the lost steamer. They even drove down to the boat to engage a state-room, when Mrs. Underwood was suddenly overcome by a fear that all would not be well on the river. Her entreaties were deferred to, and she and her husband took the cars instead, and arrived here safely, yesterday, and proceeded to their home in Bowling Green.

Mr. Goldsborough, formerly of the drug store of R. A. Robinson & Co., in this city, but now traveling agent for B. A. Fahnestock & Son, Pittsburgh, relates a very singular coincidence. He left Pittsburgh at 3:13 A. M. Friday, to join his family, who are living in this city. Before starting he felt a strange uneasiness about the trip before him, and on applying for a railway ticket he told the agent that he was afraid to risk the route by way of Cincinnati. The agent rallied him about his misgiving, and told him he would warrant his safe arrival at his destination by the all-rail PanHandle line. He accordingly secured a ticket on that road. Still entertaining an unaccountable fear, he purchased two life insurance policies of $5,000 each, for the first time in a traveling experience of thirteen years. In taking the through rail route he avoided Cincinnati and the ill-fated steamboat United States, arriving here just in time to hear of the awful disaster, and receive the affectionate congratulations of his wife and children at his hair-breadth escape from a horrid death.

The lost ministers are Rev. Robert J. Parvin, of Philadelphia, General Secretary of the Evangelical Education Society, and Rev. W. S. Rising, of New York, Secretary of the American Church Missionary Society. They were positively known to have been on board the steamer United States. A letter and telegram to this effect were received by Rev. Dr. Perkins, rector of St. Paul's Church. Every effort possible has been made to learn something of them, but without success. Mr. Price, one of the survivors, reports that he saw three or four clergymen on the burnt steamer. One of them said he was *en route* to Louisville for the purpose of collecting money from the churches. He was saved, and told Mr. Price that, as his journey to this city had been providentially interrupted, he thought it best to retrace his steps.

—The Indians in Humboldt county, California, have been committing depredations upon the settlers for some time past. An expedition was organized to punish them, and a camp of savages surprised, six Indians killed and a quantity of arms captured. One white man was killed during the fight. The settlers intend using vigorous measures until it is beyond the power of the Indians to further molest them.

COUGHS, COUGHS, COLDS, COLDS,

When a person takes cold the lungs become charged with phlegm, which oppressing the constitution a natural effort is made for a relief. This effort is a cough. The only safe and prudent remedies to be adopted are those which assist nature in its work, by loosening the phlegm and exciting a freedom of expectoration until the evil is removed. DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP is admirably adapted to promote expectoration, ease the breathing, loosen the phlegm, abate the fever, and allay the tickling which occasions the cough, without tightening the chest, or in any way injuring the system, and for all temporary and local affections, such as irritation of the throat, hoarseness of the voice, influenza, &c., it is of incalculable value. Especially at this inclement season of the year it would be well for every family to have this valuable remedy at hand. Prepared by GEO. A. KELLY, Wholesale Druggist, corner Wood street and Second avenue, Pittsburgh, and for sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. 50 cents per bottle.

PREVENT OR REPENT!

When health has been sacrificed for want of the care necessary to protect it, regrets are unavailing. It is better to *prevent* than to *repent*. The most inclement season of the year is at hand, and its cold and damp are the source of innumerable distressing ailments. The best means of escaping them is to keep the outward surface of the body comfortably warm with suitable clothing, and the internal organs in a vigorous condition by the occasional use of a healthful tonic and corrective. Winter makes tremendous drafts upon the vital forces, and therefore it is a season when a pure vegetable stimulant and invigorant like HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is of infinite use, especially to the weak and feeble. It gives *stamina* to the system, and thereby enables it to withstand the shocks of cold, which produce cough, bronchitis, catarrh, and other diseases of the organs of respiration. Dyspepsia and every species of indigestion are also greatly aggravated by cold, damp weather, and for these complaints the BITTERS are an acknowledged specific. There is no fact better known in this country, and, indeed, throughout the civilized portions of the Western Hemisphere, than that this genial preparation is a swift and certain remedy for all ordinary diseases of the stomach and the liver.

A FACT OF GREAT VALUE.

No one can be too often impressed with the truth of all disorders which mankind are prone to, none are of more prevalence at this season of the year than those which manifest themselves in the lungs and pulmonary organs. Dr. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP is a speedy and infallible cure in all recent cases of coughs and lung diseases, and DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE in cases of long standing and great obstinacy, will be found of inestimable value. There is scarcely a house or family in Pittsburgh that cannot testify to its merits, and instead of a person wasting time on other inert and inappropriate remedies, let them walk themselves to Dr. Keyser's, 140 Wood street, where they will find the right medicine adapted to their cure. The Doctor has a long experience in medicine, and in these lung cases, he has given signal proof of his great ability and thorough knowledge of all those diseases in which the lungs take a prominent part. His residence in Pittsburgh is over twenty years, and the value of his remedies is extended wherever coughs are prevalent and lung diseases to be cured.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE for LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, 140 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office hours from 9 A. M. UNTIL 4 P. M.

November 26, 1868.

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WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL TRADE

is invited to an inspection of our

EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT

OF

Holiday Goods.

EVERY DEPARTMENT COMPLETE,

AND PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

1200 PAIRS REAL FRENCH

CORSETS,

at $1.50 WORTH $2.50.

HOOP SKIRTS

at one half the usual price.

A large line GENT'S SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, in white, light and dark colors.

THREE HUNDRED DOZEN

LADIES LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,

TWO HUNDRED DOZEN

GENTS' LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,

GOOD LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS 5 cents and up,

LACE HANDKERCHIEFS, IN POINTE,
POINTE APPLIQUE,
REAL VALENCIA,
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CHEMIZETTES,

SILK AND BROCHA SCARFS,
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Cloak Loops, Ornaments and Buttons.

SILK PARTY FANS, SILK UMBRELLAS,

Leather Satchels, Portmonnaies and Leather Bags.

JET AND GOLD MOUNTED JEWELRY,
Bracelets, Broches **Sleeve Buttons, and Setts.**

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Hoods, Sacques, Leggins, Scarfs, Gloves and Hosiery.

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WATCH STANDS AND CIGAR CASES,

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The finest and cheapest assortment of

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Fine Embroidered Slipper Patterns. Beautiful Embroidered Cushions.

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SODA ASH—100 tons choice brands in store and for sale by

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FOR SALE—BUSINESS—A Neat GENTS FURNISHING STORE, situated No. 10 FIFTH STREET EXTENSION, doing a good business, will be sold at a bargain. Rent of store room very low. Good reason for selling given. For particulars apply at the store.

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WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

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MOVED TO NO. 195 LIBERTY STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

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47. HEADQUARTERS 47.

FOR

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Gray & Logan,

NO. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET,

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading of Blossom Alley between Third and O'Hara Streets, Third Ward, Allegheny.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive Proposals for the Grading of Blossom alley from Third street to O'Hara street in the Third Ward Allegheny, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Blossom alley respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Blossom alley respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the 30th of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 30th day of November, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.
JOHN S. SLAGLE,
President of Common Council.

Attest:
D. MACFERRON, Clerk of Select Council.
R. DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. de9

A MERRY CHRISTMAS!

NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,

Have just received a large and judiciously assorted stock of

EMBROIDERIES, TRIMMINGS. LACE GOODS, HOSIERY.

Kid Gloves, Handkerchief., Slipper Patterns, Zephyr Goods, Scarfs and Gents Furnishing Goods,

and Notions generally.

A splendid selection is afforded in special novelties suitable for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

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PITTSBURGH LEAD PIPE

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BAR LEAD AND LEAD WIRE,
Also, PIG LEAD, PIG TIN
and PLUMBERS SOLDER.

No. 167 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh,

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YESTERDAY, TO-DAY, AND FOREVER. A poem in 12 books by Edward Henry Bickersteth, A. M., 12 mo., bevelled boards, gilt top, $2.

"This is a remarkable poem, and one likely to attract a great deal of attention.—*Imperial Review.*

"The most simple, the richest, and most sacred poem which recent days have produced."—*London Morning Advertiser.*

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A Story of the Seventeenth Century. One vol, 12 mo. $1.50.

The plot of "Constance Aylmer" is laid in the time when New York was a Dutch colony and England was ruled by Cromwell. The condition of Manhattan Island and the surrounding country is graphically sketched; the ways and manners of our Dutch and English ancestors are reproduced with wonderful fidelity, and at the same time with a liveliness and humor which throw a charm around a story valuable for its historical accuracy and of exciting interest.

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CHOICE AND FRESH,

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All our HATS at one-half regular prices.
All the new BALMORAL SKIRTS and Bradley's latest styles of HOOP SKIRTS, at the Lowest Prices in the City.
GENTS' MERINO VEST and DRAWERS, 40c to $5.00.

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ON MONDAY, DECEMBER 7.

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IMMENSE STOCK

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DEPARTMENTS COMPLETE,

EVERY ARTICLE WILL BE

REDUCED IN PRICE,

MANY OF THEM SELLING AT

LESS THAN BEFORE THE WAR.

WE ARE DETERMINED THAT IF

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SILK MIXED POPLINS, &C.,

AT THE LOW

WHOLESALE

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WILLIAM

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"LE PANIER PERFECTION."
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"THE RECEPTION."
THOMPSON'S TWIN SPRING.
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"GLOVE FITTING," CORSETS AND PATENT "PANIERS."
THE NEW GORED OVER SKIRT, "BELLE HELENE," richly embroidered; an elegant street or Skating Skirt.
RICH RIBBONS FOR BOWS, SCARFS AND SASHES.
ROMAN STRIPES AND PLAIDS.
SATINS, all shades and widths.
FLOWERS, PLUMES, HATS AND BONNETS.
LADIES AND CHILDREN'S MERINO UNDERWEAR.
The richest and latest novelties in GIMPS, FRINGES AND BUTTONS.
We especially direct attention to the great excellence of the HARRIS SEAMLESS (Bouilion) KID GLOVES" over all others, and for which we are the Sole Agents.
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SELLING AGENTS FOR LOCKWOOD'S PAPER GOODS, and all other popular makes.

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ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. no19

CO-PARTNERSHIP—I have this day associated with me in business ALFRED H. JONES, and will continue the sale of PETROLEUM and its products, and NEW PATENTED GOODS as heretofore, under the name and style of WEAVER & JONES.

JACOB WEAVER, JR.....ALFRED H. JONES.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS,

and PATENTED GOODS generally. Refined and Lubricating Oils of superior qualities always for sale. Barrels of all description bought and sold. Office, No. 3 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 1, 1868. de3:a82

REMOVAL—ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 1st

W. P. MARSHALL

Will remove his stock of

WALL PAPERS,

from the old stand No. 87 WOOD STREET, to the newly fitted and elegant store house,

NO. 191 LIBERTY STREET,

a few doors above ST. CLAIR. no17

WM. HUGHES.

LATE 608 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

Informs his friends and patrons in Pittsburgh that he is now connected with

EDWARD P. KELLY,

South-east corner of CHESTNUT and SEVENTH STREETS, the PRINCIPAL MERCHANT TAILOR OF PHILADELPHIA, and can now furnish them with clothes SUPERIOR in every respect to those he has heretofore given them, and at MODERATE PRICES. oc23:z35

CALL AND EXAMINE THE large assortment of

FANCY COAL HODS AND VASES,

FIRE IRONS AND STANDS,

FENDERS, &c.

Also, KARNS' PATENT CHURN ATTACHMENT at the Hardware store of

WHITESIDES & DRUM,

no17 79 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—An entire new stock of

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS;
HAINES BROS. PIANOS;
PRINCE & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS and TREAT, LINSLEY & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

CHARLOTTE BLUME,

de3 43 Fifth avenue, Sole Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT

SEMPLE'S.

St., Allegheny City, Pa.,

STOCKINGS,
GLOVES,
UNDERWEAR,

FOR LADIES, GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN.

WHITE COUNTRY BLANKETS,

HEAVY COUNTRY FLANNELS.

SHIRTING FLANNELS,

FINE WHITE FLANNELS,

Gored Felt Skirts,

Gored Cloth Skirts,

Hoop Skirts.

CORSETS.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS.

FRENCH PLUMES AND FLOWERS.

RIBBONS AND TRIMMINGS.

LADIES NEW STYLE LINEN COLLARS.

Ladies and Gents Handkerchiefs,

Embroideries, &c,

EST PRICES,

AND RETAIL,

AT

SEMPLE'S,

St., Allegheny City, Pa.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS.....$2,161,720 19.

Open daily, from 9 to 2 o'clock; also on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.

VICE PRESIDENTS:

John G. Backofen, A. M. Pollock, M. D.,
Benj. F. Fahnestock, Robert Robb,
James Herdman, John H. Shoenberger,
James McAuley, James Shidle,
James B. D. Meeds, Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock, Christian Yeager.

TRUSTEES:

Wm. J. Anderson, Robert C. Loomis
Calvin Adams, Henry J. Lynch,
John C. Bindley, Peter A. Madeira
George Black, John Marshall,
Hill Burgwin, Walter P. Marshall,
Alonzo A. Carrier, John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton, Ormsby Phillips,
John Evans, Henry L. Ringwalt,
John J. Gillespie, Wm. E. Schmertz,
William S. Haven, Alexander Tindle,
Peter H. Hunker, William Van Kirk,
Richard Hays, Isaac Whittier,
James D. Kelly, Wm. P. Weyman.

TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS.

DECEMBER, 1868.

FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY.

CARPETS AT RETAIL

LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

We offer FOR A FEW WEEKS ONLY our goods at a large reduction from regular rates. Our stock is full and complete in all departments, and we shall sell the best qualities and styles of Carpets at prices at which we cannot replace them, giving our customers an opportunity of obtaining bargains that may never be offered again. This special sale will continue only until the time of taking our annual inventory of stock at the end of this month.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Avenue.

de5

H. RUH, Practical Cook,

Respectfully announces to the public that he will

On Saturday and Monday Next,

Open to the public the

DELMONICO RESTAURANT,

FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY.

It will be his earnest endeavor to furnish his patrons at all times with the most palatable viands which the market or the season affords. The LIQUORS, WINES of various dates, ALE, BEER, etc., will be their own recommendation.

Orders for fine Cooking for Weddings, and other Festivals, will, as heretofore, be promptly and cheaply attended to, requesting patronage.

oc9:y66 H. RUH.

THE PITTSBURGH

STEAM LAUNDRY

Is fitted up with the most approved machinery, and is prepared to do all kinds of Laundry Work at the shortest notice. Experienced Laundresses are employed, and families may be assured that their clothing will be cared for and done up in a superior manner.

BED QUILTS, BLANKETS, SHAWLS, and other heavy articles carefully cleansed without shrinking or wearing the fabric.

Special attention given to the doing up of LACE CURTAINS and other fabrics of a delicate texture. Clothes collected and delivered daily without extra charge.

Orders left at No. 89 FIFTH AVENUE, or at the office, No. 104 LIBERTY STREET, will receive prompt attention.

de4:a94 H. L. McNISH.

J. E. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT.....E. A. BRATT.

SWINT, BRATT & CO.,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS,

No. 66 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING, of all descriptions, done. oc9:v36

BARLEY.

2,500 BUSHELS

CHOICE SPRING AND FALL,

In store and for sale by

MEANOR & HARPER,

no30 349 LIBERTY STREET.

FOR SALE,

FINE SEED WHEAT,

AT 349 LIBERTY ST.

au29 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

NOTICES.

☞ **I. O. O. F.—The members of ZOCCO LODGE, No. 385, I. O. O. F.,** are requested to meet at their Lodge room, CURTIS HALL, Wood street, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, 10th inst., at half-past twelve o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late brother, P. G. CHARLES HUTCHINSON. Sister Lodges are respectfully invited to attend. By order of

de9: JAMES NUGENT, N. G.

☞ **I. O. of O. F.—The members of ZOCCO LODGE, No. 385, I. O. of O. F.,** are requested to meet at Curtis Hall, Wood street, on FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 11th, 1868, at 7½ o'clock. Full attendance requested. Business of importance to be transacted.

By order of JAS. H. NUGENT, N. G.
WM. LOCKHART, Sec'y. de8:b15

☞ **PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD** COMPANY, TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 3, 1868.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—The Second Instalment on the New Stock, subscribed for under resolution of the Board of Directors of May 1868, is now due.

Unless paid on or before the 15th inst., the instalment will not draw its proportion of dividend due May, 1869, and those paying up all the remaining instalments will receive full dividends in May next.

THOMAS T. FIRTH,
de7-b8 Treasurer.

☞ **PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD** COMPANY

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2, 1868.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have THIS DAY declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash, on and after November 30, 1868.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, 338 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

The office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M., from November 30th to December 5th for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

no20:a46 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

☞ **IN THE MATTER OF OPENING LOCUST STREET, IN THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH**—All owners of Lots, or other persons interested in the BURIAL GROUNDS on STEVENSON STREET, one belonging to the Associate Reformed Church, known as KERR'S GRAVE YARD, and the other to the Catholic Church, known as the CATHOLIC GRAVE YARD, are hereby notified that they are required to remove the bodies from the ground within the line of Locust street, within three months from this date; and if the same are not removed within that time, they will be removed by the undersigned, who have been appointed Commissioners for that purpose. Said street is forty-eight feet wide, and extends along the line between the said Burial Grounds about one-half off each. All necessary information can be had by application to either of the Commissioners.

The Commissioners will meet for consultation with Lot Owners, on MONDAY, December 22d, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the City Engineer's Office, Market Building, third story.

WM. GRIFFIN,
J. D. KELLY,
M. TINDLE,
Commissioners

Pittsburgh, Dec. 4, 1868.
de4:a95

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

BOARDING—Good Boarding at No. 16 ANN STREET, Allegheny city, for $4.50 per week.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant room, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife, or two young gentleman at 68 FOURTH STREET. Also, a few day or dinner boarders can be accommodated. Reference required.

WANTS.

WANTED—A partner who can furnish from $20,000 to $25,000 cash capital in an old and well established manufacturing business. One who has had experience as a financier will be preferred. Address WILSON, Lock Box 351, Pittsburgh Postoffice, Allegheny county, Penna.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—$50 to $200 PER MONTH—To sell a New Book pertaining to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, by GEORGE E. WARING, Esq., the distinguished Author and Agricultural Engineer of the New York Central Park, &c. Nothing like it; 200 Engravings. Sells at sight to Farmers, Mechanics and workingmen of all classes. Send for Circulars. A. L. TALCOTT & CO., 58 Market street, Pittsburgh, Penna. de7-a WF

TO LET.

TO LET—A furnished Sleeping ROOM, suitable for one or two gentlemen, in the house of a private family, No. 220 LACOCK STREET, Allegheny city.

TO LET—That beautiful new brick dwelling house, No. 204, Ohio Avenue, near Bagley's Lane, contains 8 rooms, bath room, finished attic, good dry cellar, fitted up with gas, water and other conveniences. Apply at JAMES WARD'S GROCERY, 58 Palo Alto street, Allegheny city.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—A first class retail drug store in a very desirable location. Terms easy. Address box 764, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—FARM.—200 acres of good Land, situated in Penn Tp., Westmoreland county, two miles from Irwin Station, on the Penna. R. R. Improvements, hewed log house in good repair, bank barn and other outbuildings. Terms moderate. Enquire of W. WILSON, Larimer's Station, or R. A. HOPE, Penn Station.

EWALT STREET

BRIDGE COMPANY.

NOTICE—A meeting of the subscribers to the stock of this company will be held at the office of Messrs. SILL & SHUTTERLY, Butler street, Seventeenth ward, on FRIDAY, December 11th, 1868 at 2½ o'clock P. M. By order of Committee.

CHRIST. SEIBERT, Chairman.

Pittsburgh, December 7th, 1868.

N. B.—Plans and specifications until the meeting above called for, will be received at the office of Messrs. SILL & SHUTTERLY. de7:b5

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
ALLEGHENY CITY, Dec. 4th, 1868.

SEWER ASSESSMENT—Notice is hereby given to all property holders in the WESTERN SEWERAGE DISTRICT, which embraces all that portion of the city area, lying northwest of the following lines, viz: North of Ohio lane and Walnut street and West of Bidwell street, and a line running North-east to Observatory hill and new city line, as well as the portion lying between Western avenue, Ohio lane, Fulton and Bidwell streets (comprehending the larger part of Manchester and all the Pleasant Valley section) that the assessment for the construction of the Sedgwick street sewer is now completed, and placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection. All property heretofore assessed for sewerage purposes within the limits above designated is exempt from present assessment.

de5:a97 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

UNION ENTERPRISE

FOUNDRY,

WM. M. JOHNSON.

Manufacturer of COOKING STOVES, Arches, Grates, Fenders, Sash Weights, and all kinds of Hollow Ware. Car Wheels and all kinds of Machinery Castings. COR. WATSON & SHINGISS STS., PITTSBURGH, PA. au26:v27w&s

MONEY! MONEY!!—$4,000 to invest in a Mortgage on City or County Property, for a term of three years.

$2,000 to loan on Bond and Mortgage for 2 years.

WANTED—Business or Accommodation Paper to the amount of $20,000; time from 60 days to 4 months.

WANTED—To exchange a Farm of 160 Acres of Land in Missouri for a Family Horse and Spring Wagon. Apply to B. McLAIN & CO.,

de4 Corner Fourth av. and Smithfield st.

500 BUSHELS

PRIME SOUTHERN RED WHEAT,

To arrive and for sale by

se18 McKANE & ANDER.

PATE DE FOIL GRAS, OF fresh importation, put up in fancy pots, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery store of

de2 JOHN A. RENSHAW, corner Liberty and Hand streets.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, HOSE, STEAM PACKING AND ROPE, (ROUND AND SQUARE.)—A full supply on hand. Sold to the trade on as good terms as can be had from the manufacturer. J. & H. PHILLIPS.

GREEN APPLES—125 barrels in store and for sale by

no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

PIG LEAD—500 Pigs Soft Galena in store and for sale by

no17 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE, CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE

IRON AND STEEL WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Springs and Axles.

Duquesne, XL, and Juniata Merchant Bar, Round and Square Iron; Band, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron; Oval, Half Oval and Half Round Iron; Cylinder and Wagon Box Iron; Drag and Dropper Bars; T and Flat Rail for Coal Roads; Cut Nails and Spikes; Plow, Spring and A B Steel; Laminated Steel; Cutter Bars, Crow Bars, &c., &c.

Office and Warehouse—77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every descripti of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:
WM. METCALF, | REUBEN MILLER,
GEO. W. BARR, | CHAS. PARKIN.
SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1845.]

ANDERSON & WOODS,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,)

Manufacturers of every description of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL,

Mill, Mulay, Circular Gang and Cross Cut

SAW PLATES.

Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel. Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel. Railroad Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Spring Steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc.; Oil Drill Steel.

Office and Works—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STS., Pittsburgh, Pa. y28:d9

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, PITTSBURGH.

ap24:d6

COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 140 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper, cut to any desired pattern. myl4-c&d&wT

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

KNAP FORT PITT

FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ **Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.**

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are a cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no9:n99

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, JR.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.

All Job Work promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

PITTSBURGH.

Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oc15:128

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. myl4:q5

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

IRON BROKERS.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consign respectfully solicited.

PAPER.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS.

CLINTON MILL—STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL—NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.
DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H Hartman, John B. Livingston.
Cash paid for Paper Stock. ja28:r68

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.

PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to

FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.

This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.

PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders & Machinists,

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:189

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

BOILING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH.

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OILS.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

WARING, KING & CO.,

127 Walnut Street.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products.

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL' BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST.

ap1:w30

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, December 8, 1868.

The gold market is settled down to-day with a further declining tendency, opening at 136¼, and closing weak at 135½. The excitement on Friday was gotten up for speculative purposes, and the report that bonds had declined ⅜ per cent. in London was assigned as the cause for a rise, and to-day, when the bonds actually were quoted lower, they likewise declined here, and gold also. Every Congressman who has any opinion on financial matters sees the necessity, as well as any business man, that the true way of specie payments is through the reduction of our expenses, economy, full enforcement of the tax laws, and a non-interference with the present currency outstanding. This alone will bring down the price of gold, and with it the necessity of withdrawing part of our paper circulation; good crops will accelerate the downward tendency of gold, and we may thus arrive at specie payment without any violent measures and avoid a financial crisis.

Government bonds are rather weak, and will decline with the further decline of gold; the investment demand is gradually reduced to small sums; speculators prefer to await the result of measure to be taken by Congress on financial measures.

Stocks are dull, and barely fluctuates enough to allow brokers to make a commission; ousiders keep aloof, except in some specialities, like Fort Wayne, where a general rise is expected from the consolidation of the Pennsylvania Road with the Fort Wayne. What the Connellsville Railroad will do in this case remains to be seen.

Money is less stringent; the demand having fallen off to some extent. Business seems to improve.

Closing quotations as received by Py. Rh. Mertz: Gold, 135½; Eighty-one's, 114¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 111; do, 1864, 107¼; do, 1865, 107¾; do, 1865, new, 110¼; do, 1867, 110¾; do, 1868, 110⅝; Ten Forties, 105⅝; Railroads —Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 85⅝; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 110⅞; Chicago & Rock Island, 107¼; Chicago & North Western, 78⅝; do Preferred, 81½; Michigan Southern, 87½; Reading, 98⅜; Erie, 37½; New York Central, 124¾; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 30½; Western Union Telegraph Co., 36⅜: Merchants Union Express Co., 16; Pacific Mail, 115¾; Adams, 48; Mining shares—Gregory, 5,30; Quartz Hill, 68; Smith & Parmele, 4,15; Corydon, 5.

—We clip the following from the Chicago *Tribune*, of Monday: With the close of the season of navigation, comes the annual upward movement in railroad freights. The subject was talked over on 'Change to-day, and was not without its influence on prices. It was stated that an advanee of 20c would be made on all articles of produce, but the fact was soon known that the rate would be much less than that increase would give. The advance goes into effect on Monday, the 17th inst., being an advance of 10c on flour, 5c on fourth class. Fresh Meats bulked in cars are charged the same as dressed hogs. The following is the altered tariff:

	4th class.	Flour.	Salt Bulk. Meats.
Boston	$.80	$1 60	$.95
New York	.75	1 50	.90
Philadelphia	.70	1 40	.85
Baltimore	.70	1 40	.85
Pittsburgh	.37½	75	.42½
Wheeling	.42½	85	.47½
Cincinnati	.30	60	.35

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold, 136¾; United States Sixes, 1881's, 114¾; 5-20's, 1862, 111; 5-20's, 1864, 107¼; 5-20's, 1865, 107¼; 10-40's, 105½; 5-20's, January and July, '65, 110¼; 5-20's, January and July, '67 110½; '68, 110¾; June 7-30's, par less ¼; July 7-30's, do ¼; August 119; Sept., 119; Oct. 118¾; Union Pacific Railroad, 102; Central, 103.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, December 8.—Cattle quiet and firm at $4,60a5,62½ for fair packing, and $6 for good smooth steers; choice shipping are scarce and nominal at $7. Hogs active and 20a25c higher; sales at $7,50a8,00 for fair to good, and $8,10a8,30 for prime to choice.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 8.—Dry Goods inquiry continues limited, and the prices are without any particular change.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, December 8, 1868.

There is a stronger feeling in Flour and Grain, under the influence of the advices from the west, and with an improved demand, prices are tending upward. In other articles, there are no important changes, though the arrivals of produce generally being comparatively light and falling off, there is, as a general thing, an upward tendency.

APPLE BUTTER—The demand is rather better and prices are unchanged; sales at 70 to 75, in kegs, and 80 to 85, in crocks.

APPLES—The demand continues brisk, and as the market is firm, prices are tending upward, ranging from $3 to $4,50 per bbl, as to quality.

BUTTER—Is steady, though the supply is fully up to the demand. We continue to quote at 35 to 40c, for fair to strictly prime Roll.

BEANS—$3,50 to $3,75 per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Is in fair demand, and may be quoted at 4½c to 5c per pound.

CHEESE—Is quiet and dull but unchanged, ranging from 15 to 20c, as to quality.

CIDER—Dull; $6 to $9 per bbl.

CRANBERRIES — Sales of prime Eastern Cultivated at $23 to $24 per bbl.

CHESTNUTS—$6 to $6,50 per bushel.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand is rather better—prices unchanged. Peaches 12 for quarters, and 14 to 15 for halves. Apples 9 to 11c, as to quality.

EGGS—Steady, at 33c, for fresh packed.

POULTRY—Sales of dressed Turkeys at 15c, and Chickens at 12c.

HOMINY—Sales at $6,50 to the trade, and $7 in a retail way.

HAY—Baled is dull but unchanged; sales at $18 to $24, as to quality.

POTATOES—Firmer and tending upward; sales Peach Blows on track at 75 to 78, and 80 to 85 in store.

GRAIN—Wheat is in better demand and firmer, and Red Winter may be quoted at $1,85 to $1,90, the latter figure for choice. Oats firmer but unchanged at 62 to 63 on track and wharf, and 65 to 66 in store. New Corn is very scarce, and with considerable inquiry prices are higher; we now quote at 75 to 80. Old Corn quiet and unchanged—but little in this market. Rye is firm and tending upward with considerable inquiry; we now quote at $1,45 to $1,48. Barley is irregular, and while it is held firmly, the demand is light; small sales of choice Spring at $2.

SALT—Allegheny River brands quoted at $1,80 to $1,85 on track, and $2 in store.

LARD—Steady with regular sales of prime kettle rendered at 16½.

LARD OIL—Is firmer and in limited supply but unchanged; we continue to quote No. 2 at $1,23 to $1,25, and No. 1 at $1,45 to $1,47.

ONIONS—Firmer; $1,50 to $1,75 per bushel, as to quality.

FLOUR—Is considerably firmer under the influence of the advance in Wheat, though as yet prices are not quotably higher. As is always the case, however, when there is a prospect of any advance, the demand is better. Western Flours are still quoted at $7,50 to $8,00 for Spring, and $9,00 to $9,50 for Winter. Rye Flour, $7,75 to $8,00. The Pearl Mill quote their best brands, made of the best Wheat, as follows: Extra Family Flour, in barrels, at $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,20, and, in sacks, $9,80 per barrel; Spring Wheat Flour, in barrels, $8,00, and, in sacks, $7,70 per barrel. The City Mills quote prices as follows: Extra Family, (Winter) in barrels, $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,00, and, in sacks, $9,70 per barrel, and Spring, $8,00, in barrels, and $7,70, in sacks, per barrel.

WHISKY—Sales of Highwines reported at $1 to $1,02.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, December 8, 1868.

In speaking of the Petroleum market, the Boston *Bulletin* says it is thought that the "ring" who control so large a portion of the supply are purposely letting down the market a little in order to go in deeper, and, by-and-by, force prices higher. The Philadelphia *Commercial List*, of Saturday, says that the operations in that market last week were entirely of a speculative character, exporters having retired from the market for the present. The Titusville *Herald*, of Monday, says: The late speculative rise at New York showed that the markets were liable to another one of similar character at almost any moment, and hence the feeling generally can be but unsettled and feverish, and both buyers and sellers deem it policy to await the action of some one or other of the real or imaginary cliques which are now said to exist at New York and other places, before commencing operations.

CRUDE.

The market was considerably stronger to-day, especially for immediate delivery, and notwithstanding there was not a single sale reported, prices may be quoted up a quarter to a half. We now give 12 to 12¼c as the standard figures for spot oil, the inside quotation offered and the outside figure asked. It is but proper to remark, however, that the demand is very light at present prices, and it is equally true that there is but comparatively little offering. As we have repeatedly noted of late, there is little or no margin to shippers, the prices above being too much inflated for this market, and this accounts for the very light receipts.

REFINED.

The Refined market was considerably excited to-day especially for December delivery, and an advance of fully a cent and a half was established during the early part of the day, running up from 29½ to 31. The sales were: 1,500 bbls December at 29½; 2,000 do 30; 2,000 do 31; 1,000 to be delivered on December 31st at 31; 4,500 in different lots, for December, at 31; 1,000 each February and March at 29; and 300 bbls at 25, delivered on board cars here. For future delivery, as will be seen, there was but comparatively little done, and with the exception of a little stronger feeling, there is no change. December appeared to be the main centre of attraction, and it is but proper to state that the market for this delivery, was reported off in the afternoon.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Standard Oil Co., 268 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Lockhart, Frew & Co., 412 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
B. W. Morgan & Co., 200 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Buffum, Kehew & Co., 300 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
McCreery & Co., 228 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
Total shipments Refined..... 1408

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchinson Oil Ref. Co., 228 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Fleming & Co., 117 do do to Tack Bros., Philadelphia.
G. W. Holdship & Co., 96 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Kirkpatrick & Lyon, 56 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
P. Burns, 30 do lubricating to Herbert & Co., Philadelphia.
W. E. Rider, 10 do do to W. E. Rider, New York.
Total shipments Refined..... 506
" Lubricating..... 40

A MEETING of the Petroleum Association will be held this (Wednesday) afternoon, at three o'clock, at their rooms. A full attendance is requested. By order of the President.

A. F. BROOKS, Secretary.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE WASHITA BATTLE.

GEN. CUSTAR'S report embodies all the details of his pursuit and conflict with the Indians on the 27th ult. We extract the following paragraphs:

The hour at which the four columns were to charge simultaneously was the first dawn of day, and, notwithstanding the fact that two of the columns were compelled to march several miles to reach their positions, the attack of three of them was made so near together as to make it appear like one charge. The other column was only a few moments late. There never was a more complete surprise. My men charged the village and reached the lodges before the Indians were aware of our presence. The moment the charge was ordered the band struck up "Garry Owen," and with cheers that strongly reminded me of scenes during the war, every trooper, led by his officer, rushed toward the village.

The Indians were caught napping for once, and the warriors rushed from their lodges and posted themselves behind trees, and in the deep ravines, from which they began a most determined defense. The lodges and all their contents were in our possession within a few minutes after the charge was ordered; but the real fighting, such as has rarely, if ever, been equalled in Indian warfare, began when attempting to clear ont and kill the warriors posted in ravines or underbrush; charge after charge was made, and most galiantly, too, but the Indians had resolved to sell their liyes as dearly as possible. After a desperate conflict of several hours, our efforts were crowned with the most complete and gratifying success

The desperate character of the combat may be inferred from the fact that, after the battle. the bodies of thirty-eight dead warriors were found in a small ravine near the village, in which they had posted theraselves.

I cannot sufficiently commend the admirable conduct of the officers and men. This command has marched constantly five days, amid terrible snow storms and over a rough country covered by more than twelve inches of snow. Officers and men have slept in the snow, without tents. The night preceding the attack, officers and men stood at their horses' heads for hours. awaiting the moment of attack, and this, too, when the temperature was far below the freezing point. They have endured every privation, and fought with unsurpassed gallantry against a powerful and well-armed foe, and from first to last I have not heard a single murmur; but, on the contrary, the officers and men of the several squadrons and companies seemed to vie with each other in their attention to duty and their patience and perseverance under difficulties. Every officer, man, scout and Indian guide, did their full duty.

A letter from an officer of his command subsequently says:

A large expedition will in a few days be fitted out to proceed against the Indians to the south and west of us. It will be under the immediate command of General Custar, and will no doubt be effectual in "cleaning out" all the Indians it may fall in with. We have in our command the Nineteenth Kansas Cavalry, numbering about one thousand men; the Seventh Regular Cavalry, between six and seven hundred strong, and detachments of other troops sufficient to make the total over two thousand. We also have fifty or sixty scouts connected with the expedition, who are excellent Indian fighters.

Disfranchisement—The Facts.

A very popular error prevails, that the disfranchisement of Rebels who violated an official oath to join the Rebellion, which was a feature of the Reconstruction acts, applied not only to the elections by which the seven States were re-organized, but to the Presidential election in those States also. This is wholly untrue. Official returns show, that in the process of reconstruction, the proportions of whites who voted, whites disfranchised, and enfranchised blacks, was as follows:

	Enfranchised Whites.	Disfranchised Whites.	Enfranchised Blacks.	Whol No. of voters.
Alabama	72,748	10,000	88,243	160,991
Arkansas	41,602	5,000	21,267	62,869
Florida	11,148	500	15,134	26,282
Georgia	95,303	8,000	93,458	188,761
Louisiana	45,199	5,000	64,431	129,630
Mississippi	46,636	6,000	60,197	106,833
North Carolina	163,060	8,000	71,657	174,717
South Carolina	47,610	5,000	80,286	127,296
Texas	56,666	3,000	47,439	104,036
Virginia	119,982	12,000	104,772	221,754
Total	636,234	62,500	666,815	1,363,169

About nine per cent of all the white voters were disfranchised in the preliminary process of Reconstruction. But after the States were reconstructed the disfranchisement ceased. The third section of the XIVth Amendment still excluded *perjured Rebels* only from holding office, but not from voting. In the recent Presidential election there were none disfranchised except by State action. In Missouri, West Virginia, and Tennessee there was an effective disfranchisement under the State Constitutions of certain classes of Rebels. In the other reconstructed States all whites voted, and there was no disfranchisement, except that of the blacks by terrorism. The registered white votes in the ten States would have amounted to 698,794 in 1868. In 1860 it was 657,709. This shows an increase in the total white vote of the ten States notwithstanding the loss of population from the war.

Imperial Discourtesy.

A Paris correspondent writes as follows: The Emperor and Empress are at Compiegne, where a succession of splendid festivities are in progress—*mutatis mutandis*—simple Eugenie Montijo, now greater than the royal Isabel of Bourbon. The Empress rejoices that being absent from Paris, she is not called upon to give another affectionate greeting to her former sovereign. At Biarritz took place a little incident which must have been of a serpent's tooth sharpness to the fallen Queen. When she met her Imperial sister, as is the custom in the united family of royalty, the Queen presented her cheek to be kissed, and then turned to give the other cheek, but to her surprise the Empress seemed to have forgotten the double tenderness required of her, and was speaking rapidly to the King. The Empress, who is not the angelic creature she looks in Winterhaiter's seraphic portrait of her, preferred running the risk of offending a queen without a throne, to that of catching an unpleasant eruption with which the broad cheeks of the coarse Isabel are disfigured. It was almost excusable, but proves that vanity is a deeper feeling than mere respect for misfortune or even for appearances in the breast of the lovely Eugenie.

SCIENTIFIC INSTRUCTION is attracting the attention of the Boards of Education in England, and vigorous efforts are being made to afford to mechanics an opportunity to learn the higher branches of their trades. The Government Board of Education, in Yorkshire, are co-operating with the Mechanics' Institutes of the country, and in some of the larger towns the people assemble at stated periods and are instructed in special branches of science. Thus, in Huddersfield, machine drawing and the draughting of plans of buildings, and in other towns chemistry, are the subjects chosen for the lectures. It is proposed to apply the same method of instruction to the elder pupils of primary schools in the vicinity of the towns.

CLIPPINGS.

THERE is consternation among the Democratic members of the House, occasioned by the fact that Menard, negro member elect from Louisiana, will be compelled to select a seat on their side soon, none being vacant on the Republican side.

THE Warren *Chronicle* announces that the estate of Governor Tod will amount to something over $500,000. If there is any truth in this announcement, it will be one of the few instances in which a man's wealth has proven to be greater than the common estimate of it.

IT IS reported that Spain has selected the United States as a mediator between herself and the Republics of the Pacific coast, and that she has asked for a Peace Conference, to be held in Washington, the Secretary of State to preside. Ecuador, Bolivia and Peru have assented, but Chili holds back.

A REPORT just published shows that Chicago has spent $3,578,000 for public improvements during the present year. Among these improvements are twenty-one and one-half miles of Nicolson pavement, costing $2,092,432,55 and 381,322 feet of side walk, costing forty-five cents per foot.

GEO. W. ALEXANDER, recently the revenue collector in Berks county, has been convicted of receiving bribes from several distillers, who defrauded the Government out of the tax on whisky. The parties to the crime were the principal witnesses in the case. There is still another indictment pending against him.

THE grading on the Warren and Dunkirk railroad has been completed as far as the Pennsylvania State line, and parties at Warren are willing to take the contract for building the road to that point, when satisfied that the iron for the other end will be forthcoming. It is expected the road will be entirely completed next summer.

IT IS believed at headquarters that the Indian hostilities will soon cease, since the signal defeat of the Cheyennes by Colonel Custar. Black Kettle, the Chief who was killed, was an able and cunning man, who had large influence with the Camanches and other tribes as well as the Cheyennes. He was one of those who escaped the Chivington massacre at Sand Creek, four years ago.

THE candidature of the Duke of Montpensier for the Spanish Throne is at an end. For this climax he is indebted to the unpopularity of his sister-in-law. It is no secret now—if ever it was really one—that the late revolution had for its immediate object the expulsion of the ex-Queen; for its ultimate end the elevation of the Duke de Montpensier to the vacant throne. Isabella's Ministers were clear sighted enough when they sent him out of the kingdom, and probably acted upon sound information.

IT SEEMS that the value of slave property in Cuba is rapidly depreciating under the insurrectionary disturbances that now affect the island. The Havana cable mentioned the fact that $1,200 field hands had fallen to $900, or a decrease of one-fourth in their value. The negro slaves of Cuba are a very wild and barbarous race. Large numbers of them are native-born Africans, who have been brought to the island during the last twenty years by slave-traders. They are worked by their masters in the most intolerable manner. In fact thousands of them are every year worked to death.

NEW DISCOVERIES of Roman remains at Cowes, England, are reported. Rev. E. Kell has, during the last few weeks, uncovered two rooms and the wall of the third room of the Roman building discovered in 1864. The garden formed the site of Gurnard fort, which, so late as 1635, was in a state of defence, though now no trace of it remains. The Roman building, the whole of which has now been uncovered, was about seventy feet in length by thirteen feet six inches in breadth, and consisted of five rooms in a line. The two rooms at the west end had tesselated pavements of a common kind, made from tiles. The building had been consumed by fire. Among the articles found were a large quantity of hexagonal stone roofing tiles, fragments of a mortarium, a Roman fibula and a lady's bracelet. This Roman building stood at the termination of Rue street, which is considered the point at which the Isle of Wight was united to the mainland.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

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"PAPHIAN LOTION,"

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION. Removes all Eruptions, Freckles, Pimples, Moth Blotches, Tan, etc., and renders the Skin soft, fair and blooming. For Ladies in the Nursery it is invaluable. For Gentlemen, after shaving, it has no equal. "PAPHIAN LOTION" is the only reliable remedy for diseases and blemishes of the skin.

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP"

For the Toilet, Nursery and Bath; will not chap the skin. Price, 25 cents per cake.

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A new Perfume for the Handkerchief. Exquisite, delicate, lasting fragrance. Sold by all Druggists.

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je3:r9-MWF

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown*. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ap28:p25

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BOOTS, SHOES AND CARPETS *FOR THE MILLION.*

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Messrs. H. B. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkable low prices. Goods of every variety; the finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral gaiters and anklet shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods wartanted as represented no24

BY A. LEGGATE.

DWELLING HOUSE AND CARPENTER SHOP, ON LEASED GROUND IN MANCHESTER, AT AUCTION.—ASSIGNEE'S POSITIVE SALE—Will be sold on THURSDAY, December 10th, at 10 o'clock, the lease of ground, and buildings lately occupied by Loughead & Hare, on Market street, Manchester. The lot fronts 40 feet on Market street, running back 100 feet to Laurel alley. The buildings consists of two frame dwellings and a carpenter shop.

The lease extends eleven years from September last. Annual ground rent $42.

Immediately thereafter will be sold a lot on Wayne street, 20 by 70 feet.

Sale positive to close the estate.

For further information apply to RUSH & LOUTHER, Assignees, 237 Beaver avenue.

Terms at sale.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
de7 159 Federal street, Allegheny city.

BY THOMAS PHILLIPS.

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On WEDNESDAY, December 9th, at the

OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,

No. 60 FIFTH AVENUE, a lot of Queensware, Household and Kitchen Furniture, comprising Sofas, Sofa Seat Chairs, Lounges, Cane and Wood Chairs and Rockers, Bedsteads, Chamber Sets, Dining and Kitchen Tables, Sewing Machines, Secretary and Book Cases, new and second hand Carpets, Blankets, Quilts, &c.

THOMAS PHILLIPS,

de8 Auctioneer,

INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress, Approved July 25, 1868.

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This Company, National in its character, offers, by reason of the Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable means of insuring life yet presented to the public.

The rates of premium being largely reduced, are made as favorable to the insurers as those of the best Mutual Companies, and avoid all the complications and uncertainties of Notes, Dividends and the misunderstandings which the latter are so apt to cause the Policy-Holders.

Several new and attractive tables are now presented which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public, such as the NON-FORFEITING POLICY and RETURN PREMIUM POLICY. In the former, the policy-holder not only secures a life insurance, payable at death, but will receive, if living, after a period of a few years, *an annual income equal in ten per cent. (10 per cent.) of the par of his policy.* The latter the Company agrees *to return to the assured the total amount of money he has paid in, in addition to the amount of his policy.*

The attention of persons contemplating insuring their lives or increasing the amount of insurance they already have, is called to the special advantages offered by the National Life Insurance Company

Circulars, Pamphlets and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company in Philadelphia, or its General Agents.

☞LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed To THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts.

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au25:MW&F

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

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Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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no27

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mh29:w15

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e13:MWF

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LEGAL.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, Pa.

J. C. DONALDSON vs. ALEX. CHAMBERS, et. al.

No. 819 March Term 1868. No. 133 in Partition. Writ of Partition.

To JOHN C. DONALDSON, ALEX. CHAMBERS, J. C. BRYSON and NANCY, his wife, (with right of the said NANCY,) ELIZABETH ANN CHAMBERS, MATTHEW CHAMBERS and SUSAN CHAMBERS:

You are hereby notified that an inquisition will be held, in pursuance of the above mentioned writ of partition, on the premises, situate in the Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, being Lot No. 22 in James Aiken's part of the plan of the Northern Liberties, County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, on THURSDAY, December 3, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., to make partition of the premises described within the above mentioned writ, in such manner and in such proportions as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed, &c., at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

SAMUEL B. CLULEY, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Oct. 27, 1868.
oc28:z61:w

ALLEGHENY COUNTY SS.—In

the Court of Court of Common Pleas in the voluntary assignment of CAMPBELL, PEAKE & Co., No. 651, December Term, 1867. And now to wit, November 7th, 1868, account of Leonard S. Johns, assignee, exhibited in open court, and petition of Assignee presented praying for his discharge from his trust. Whereupon the Court order and decree that the Prothonotary give notice of the exhibition and filing of said account, and by the presentation of said petition, by publication for three weeks in the "Legal Journal" and "Daily Gazette," and that such account will be allowed and such discharge granted, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 3d of DECEMBER next. [From the record.

no11:a31w JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

WASHINGTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

OF EAST BIRMINGHAM.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made at No. 385, December Term, 1868, for a Charter for the "WASHINGTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF EAST BIRMINGHAM" and the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless exceptions are filed.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

oct21:z19w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that the partnership lately existing between JAMES DICKSON and W. J. McMASTER, as Carpenters and Housebuilders, under the firm name of DICKSON & McMASTER, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. W. J. McMASTER is authorized to settle all debts due to and by the company.

JAMES DICKSON,
W. J. McMASTER.

December 1, 1868. de3:a8

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
W. D. of Pennsylvania,
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 5th, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that

on the 5th day of December A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the

ESTATE OF NICHOLAS MILLER,

of the city of Allegheny, in the county of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 116 Federal street, in the City of Allegheny city, Allegheny county, Pa., before JOHN S. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, on the 3d day of February, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY.
de7:b4 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
W. D. of Pennsylvania,
PITTSBURGH, December 2nd, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE That

on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JAMES PATTERSON, of Allegheny city, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 116 Federal street Allegheny City, Pa., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, on the 2nd day of February A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,
de7:b2 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, SS.

At Pittsburgh, the 31 day of November, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of OLIVER ADAMS, of South Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
no4:a1w Attorney-at-law, 89 Grant street.

INSURANCE.

REMOVAL.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,

OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office, No. 89 FEDERAL STREET, entrance on Stockton Avenue.

FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.

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Jno. Brown, Jr.	Geo. Gerst,	Jacob Kopp.

oc17:n34

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

Office in Franklin Savings Bank Buildings, No. 43 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

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GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

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Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jeremiah Rohen.

ap10:o35

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Undisputably the best in use. NEW IMPROVEMENTS, Patented Nov. 26th, 1867, and April 21st, 1868. Everything relating to billiards of the best quality and lowest prices always on hand.

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FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

A FARM OF 30 ACRES, on the line of the Connellsville Railroad, 27 miles from the city, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa. The improvements are a fine two-story brick house, with ten large rooms and hall. A large frame bank barn, with No. 1 stabling, and all other outbuildings in complete order. One of the best of orchards, of all kinds of fruit. The soil is rich new bottom. This property adjoins the village of Buena Vista, and has the advantage of churches, schools, mills, stores, &c., and will be sold at the low price of $15,000. The improvements alone are worth at least all that is asked for the property, to say nothing about the land, which is worth for garden purposes at least $10,000. For full particulars call at my office, or WILLIAM A. BELL, Esq., on the premises.

ALSO, A FARM OF 40 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the line of the Connellsville Railroad, about 18 miles from the city. The improvements are a new stone dwelling, with eight rooms; a good barn and other outbuildings. This property is offered at a very low price. Call and secure yourself a good bargain.

ALSO, A FARM OF 120 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., 17½ miles from the city, on the Connellsville Railroad, opposite Elrod's Station, within 20 minutes' walk of the Station. The improvements are a frame house containing four rooms and kitchen, with a good cellar underneath; very good barn and other outbuildings. A No. 1 orchard, containing about 200 fruit bearing trees, all in good condition. 90 acres cleared land, the residue in good timber, underlaid with 23 acres of coal.

ALSO, A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE adjoining the Borough of Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pa., containing 4 roams and kitchen. Lot 60 feet front by 136 back to an alley. A good Stable, wash house, bake-oven and other outbuildings. I am authorized to sell it at the low price of $1,800, on good terms.

ALSO, In the Borough of Elizabeth, a good two-story BRICK HOUSE, containing 4 rooms. Lot 120 feet square. Will be sold at the exceedingly low price of $2,500, on easy terms.

ALSO, My Farm, known by the name of "Willow Banks," situated on the Connellsville Railroad, 17 miles from the city, containing 79 ACRES, all in good condition. The improvements are a No 1 brick house, two stories high, newly painted, containing six rooms, two halls running full length of the house. The house is situated on a beautiful knoll, is surrounded by fruit trees, shrubbery, vines and flowers, with a graded avenue running to the Yough. River. Also, a large frame bank barn, smoke house, wash house, coal house, bake-oven and other outbuildings, and a never-failing well of water. Two large orchards, containing from six to seven hundred fruit trees, nearly all in good bearing condition. This farm abounds in small fruits, viz: Currants, raspberries, gooseberries, and a fine large strawberry patch, which, in connexion with the richness of the soil and nearness to the city, makes it very desirable for gardening purposes. Very convenient to schools, churches, stores and blacksmith shop.

ALSO, A FARM OF 158 ACRES, situated in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., 31 miles from the city of Pittsburgh, on the Connellsville Railroad, at Suter's station. The improvements are a common log house, a good frame barn, with stabling for ten horses; a corn crib and wagon shed; good orchard of fruit trees; fencing very good. 120 acres cleared, the residue in heavy timber land. This farm is valuable—first, for its excellent soil; secondly, its timber; and thirdly, it contains more limestone than any other farm in Pennsylvania, all accessible. The lower vein of limestone is 40 feet thick; several other veins ranging from 3½ to 6 ft. in thickness, lie under the whole farm. For particulars call on or address the proprietor of ELI SUTER, Esq., at Suter Station, or at my office.

ALSO, 175 ACRES, situated in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Houston Station. The improvements are a two-story frame house, with six rooms and good cellar, a frame bank barn 40 by 60 feet, and other outbuildings. There is on the place a young apple and peach orchard; one hundred and twenty acres cleared land, divided into fields of convenient size, a large portion of which are well set in clover and timothy; the residue of said tract covered with good timber. It is well watered, and underlaid with coal and limestone, and is convenient to churches, schools, stores, mills and blacksmith shops. A real good bargain is offered in this excellent farm.

ALSO, A beautifully situated tract of 60 ACRES of valuable land, under good fencing, situated in McCandless township, Allegheny county, Pa., on a township road, 7 measured miles from the Market House, Allegheny City. This tract is well adapted for a garden or dairy farm, being convenient and of easy access to either city, and near enough to the line of the Mahoning Railroad to make it very desirable for country seats, for persons doing business in the city.

ALSO, The best farm in Young township, Indiana county, Pa., 4 miles from Western Penna. R. R. at Livermore Station, containing 300 ACRES—225 acres cleared and under No. 1 fencing, as well as the farming condition; the balance in good white oak timber. The improvements are 2 two-story frame houses, nearly new, of eight rooms each and finished basements and attics; a large bank barn 50 by 80 feet, a two-story spring house and other necessary outbuildings, all in good order; 5 acres of orchard of choice varieties of fruits; 4 feet vein of coal (now open,) underlying the whole tract, and limestone in abundance, with plenty of springs of never-failing water. Taken all to themselves, fencing, soil, nice lying surface, pubic highway, churches, schools, mills, &c.,—I know of no more inviting and desirable tract of land in Western Pennsylvania.

ALSO, FARM AND MILLS. A small tract of 60 ACRES of very valuable land in Derry township Westmoreland county, Pa., well fenced and in high state of cultivation, with new frame dwelling, and other outbuildings; a new grist and saw mill complete, with two run of burrs, two bolting cloths, and all the needed fixtures, in good order, and a young orchard of choice fruits; lane is all underlaid with a six foot vein of coal, now opened and worked, at the back of the mill, and limestone in abundance. Call soon and secure a good bargain.

ALSO, FARM OF 160 ACRES, situated immediately upon the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Blairsville Intersection, 54 miles east of the city. The improvements are a two-story stone house of 8 rooms, a No. 1 barn, 45 by 65 feet, the best of stabling and other outbuildings. The land lies well, is well fenced, is in good farming order, and will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

For further particulars enquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,

No. 164 FOURTH AVENUE.

oc17:

FOR SALE.

1 Acre at Woods Run.
4 Acres and House in East Liberty.
8 Acres, unimproved, on Troy Hill.
2 Acres on Greensburg Pike.
5 Acres on Four Mile Run Road, 1¾ miles from P. C. R. R.
70 Acres near P. F. W. & C. R. R.
118 Acres near Pa. R. R., Westmoreland county.
90 Acres at Hill Side Station, Pa. R. R.
4 Farms in Preston county, West Virginia
185 Acres in Armstrong county, underlaid with coal.
108 Acres and good improvements, in Trumbull county, Ohio.
900 Acres of Timber land, with Saw Mill and dwellings.
House and Lot on Center Avenue, near Kirkpatrick.
House and Lot on Vicroy street.
House and Lot in East Liberty.
House and Lot in Mansfield.
House and Lot on Carroll street, Allegheny.
House and Lot on Beaver avenue.
2 Houses and 4 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Houses and Lot on Franklin street.
1 House of 9 Rooms and 2 Lots on Roberts St.
Farms in Illinois, Missouri and West Virginia.
Coal Lands in Allegheny, Westmoreland, Fayette and Beaver counties in Penna.

TO-LET.

2 Houses of 9 Rooms in the 17th ward; rent $300
3 do. of 3 do. do. 17th do. do. 144
2 do. of 3 do. do. 12th do. do. 156
2 do. of 6 do. do. 8th do. do. 360
1 do. of 6 do. do. 8th do. do. 360
1 do. of 9 do. do. 2d do. do. 600
1 do. of 3 do. do. 6th do. do. 192
1 do. of 5 do. do. 6th do. do. 240
1 do. of 4 do. do. 17th do. do. 168
1 do. of 7 do. do. 2d do.
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The Houses that I have for rent will be rented very low to good tenants for the balance of the rental year.

APPLY AT

D. P. HATCH'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE,

No. 91 Grant St., Pittsburgh.

no7:p18

FOR SALE.

A GOOD BRICK STORE-ROOM,

with dwelling on same lot, for sale on good terms, Also, a small lot of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c. The location is first rate for a business of $10,000 to $15,000 a year; good Wheat country surrounding the village; good flouring mill in the village.

The above property is on the line of the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland railroad. For further information address NEWMAN & CO., New Richland, Logan county, Ohio. no3:a7s d&T

FOUR BRICK HOUSES AND LOT.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County I will expose at public sale on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, December 16th, 1868, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., that COURT OF FOUR BRICK HOUSES, situate on the south side of WYLIE STREET, a few doors above Elm street, (entrance to Court from Wylie street. Lot 22 by 72 feet extending back to an alley, the property of the late William Montooth, deceased. Terms at day of sale.

THOMAS B. STEWART, Guardian.

For particulars enquire of H. C. M

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The first sleigh of the season made its appearance on the streets yesterday.

Police news is a scarce article at present, and we hope it may continue to be.

Mr. Joseph Green, a lumber dealer of Tidioute, Pa., was among the victims of the recent river calamity.

London Quarterly.—Mr. W. A. Gildenfenny, 45 Fifth avenue, has sent us the October number of this magazine.

The holidays are fast approaching now, and ladies wishing to know where to buy cheap goods, had better call at Macrum, Glyde & Co., 78 and 80 Market street.

Divorce Granted.—In the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday, in the case of Sallie Stewart, by her next friend, vs. James Stewart, being an action for divorce *a vinculo matrimonii*, a final decree was granted.

New Holiday Goods at Macrum, Glyde & Co., 78 and 80 Market street. Watch Stands, Cigar Stands and Cases, Writing Desks, Necessaires, fancy Glove Boxes, full assortment of Lace Goods, etc.

Prof. Lawton, assisted by a large number of the best amateur vocalists of the city, will give a closing concert at the fair for fallen and destitute women to-night at City Hall. The fair will positively close to-night.

Obituary.—Mr. Charles Hutchinson, for many years connected with the Pittsburgh Postoffice, died yesterday afternoon after a brief illness. He was a Past Grand of Zocco Lodge, I. O. O. F., and was universally esteemed.

Assault and Battery.—Joseph Davis made information before the Mayor, charging Joseph and John Rower with assault and battery. The prosecutor resides on Second street, and the defendants on Third street. A warrant was issued.

Personal.—John J. Redick, Esq., of Omaha, an eminent member of the Nebraska legal fraternity, is in the city on his way to Washington. The members of the Rocky Mountain Press Club hold him in grateful remembrance.

Discharged.—Joseph Denver charged highway robbery on information made against him by John Wintergill, of South Fittsburgh, had a hearing before Alderman Saulsbury yesterday, which resulted in his discharge, the prosecutor failing to make out the case.

The Old Story.—A rather handsome young woman called at the office of Alderman Lindsay yesterday morning and made information against a certain Lemuel Harkins for affiliation. It was the same old story, love, villainy, outraged confidence. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Lemuel.

Arm Broken.—A boy, whose name we could not learn, while amusing himself by skating on the pavement on Wood street, near Third avenue, yesterday morning, slipped and fell heavily to the ground, breaking one of his arms by the fall. His injuries were attended to by a physician in the vicinity.

Stock sales Tuesday evening, December 8th, at Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlvaine, Auctioneer.

First National Bank of Allegheny	$131 00
Citizen's National Bank	65 00
Second National Bank	95 00
Allegheny National Bank	63 00

Bawdy House.—Martin Moran made information before the Mayor yesterday, charging Margaret McGarry with keeping a bawdy house. The accused resides in Ryan's Court off Fifth street, and she and "Jenny," a young girl who resides with her, were arrested. Jenny was discharged and Mrs. McGarry held to bail for her appearance at Court.

Ankle Sprained.—On Monday evening, two young men, members of the Columbia Fire Company, were wrestling with each other for amusement, when one of them, named Walker, was thrown heavily to the ground, spraining his right ankle very badly in the fall. He was taken into the office of Dr. Hazlett, in the vicinity, and the injury attended to, after which he was taken to his residence in the Fourth ward.

Trains Delayed.—The trains on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad were all delayed yesterday on account of the heavy fall of snow along the line of the track. At latest accounts there were twenty-five inches of snow on the mountains and the feathery flakes still falling. We were informed by one of the officials that eight locomotives were required to haul one of the trains up the slope from Altoona. No accident had occurred along the line of the road up to last evening.

Succeeded.—Walter Brown, the oarsman, notwithstanding his foul, running against the Parkersburg Bridge Pier, succeeded in accomplishing the feat which he attempted of rowing from Pittsburgh to Cincinnati in eight days. According to a telegraphic dispatch received in the city yesterday, he arrived at the designated landing yesterday morning at 2:30, nine hours ahead of time. He suffered severely with sore hands, but was otherwise in good condition. He was to have a public reception at Pike's Music Hall, and was announced to remain in the city for several days.

Sudden Death.—Mr. Samuel O'Brien died suddenly at his residence on Liberty street, between O'Hara and Walnut streets, last night about eleven o'clock. He was shoveling a load of coal into his cellar about four o'clock last evening, when he had an attack of apoplexy. Dr. Duncan and another physician, whose name we did not learn, were summoned at once and rendered him all aid in their power, but it was of no avail. Deceased was a carpenter by occupation. He was elected Assessor of the Ninth ward at the late election. He leaves a wife and family. The Coroner will hold an inquest on the body this morning.

Notice.

The Allegheny readers of the GAZETTE living on the east side of Federal street, who may want to change their residence, or to see me on any business, can do so by calling at 150 Jackson street, or a note left at the Columbia Engine House or GAZETTE Counting Room will reach me. Any person wishing the GAZETTE or who may have any complaints to make, will please leave a note as above and will be promptly attended to.

WILLIAM ERB, Carrier.

Second Avenue Again.

A few days since we stated that the water pipe on Second avenue had bursted, injuring the street to such an extent as to obstruct travel upon it, and also stated that the cause of the difficulty was the worn out water pipe. The work referred to at that time was repaired, but as it was done, as on former occasions, by merely replacing the broken joint with a new one, which of course had to be connected with an old worn out pipe at either end, the result was as before. Monday afternoon the pipe bursted in another place, a few feet from where it had been repaired, causing the street to cave in for several feet, and again making it necessary to turn travel from that thoroughfare. It is too late, we presume, to take up the old pipe and replace it with a new one this season, and the probabilities are that the citizens in that locality will have to carry water from some other point all winter, but the matter should be attended to at the earliest practicable moment.

EDUCATIONAL.

Meeting of the Central Board—Reports of The Principal of the High School and the City Superintendent—Petition for a German Teacher—Bills Ordered to be Paid—Music in the Middle District—More Teachers Demanded—Independent City Institute—Webster's Dictionaries—Christmas Holidays — Visitation Committees—Janitor's Salary Increased, &c., &c.

The Central Board of Education met on Tuesday, December 8th, 1868. Present: Messrs. Aiken, Anderson, Chadwick, Covert, Craig, Harrison, Laufman, Mays, Nobbs, Sergeant, Shaw, Taylor, Wilson and Brush, President.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The monthly reports of the Principal of the High School, City Superintendent and Secretary were read and ordered to be filed.

Mr. Covert presented a petition from citizens of the Fifteenth and Seventeenth wards for a German teacher, and agreeing to furnish a school-room free of expense for the current year. Read and ordered to be received and filed.

On motion of Mr. Anderson, it was *Resolved*, That it is deemed inexpedient to grant the prayer of the petitioners.

Mr. Mays requested that authority be granted to the Seventh ward Board to appoint two additional teachers for the Primary Department of the schools of said ward.

Mr. Aiken requested that one male Principal of the third grade and one Primary teacher additional be granted to the Liberty Board.

Mr. Craig requested for the Oakland district three additional teachers be granted, one Intermediate and two Primary grade.

On motion of Mr. Harrison, referred to the Committee on Teachers and Salaries.

On motion of Mr. Craig, it was

Resolved, That when we adjourn we adjourn to meet on the 22d inst.

The following bills were presented and warrants authorized in payment thereof, viz:

A. A. Anderson & Sons, printing	$63,50
O'Neill & Rook, advertising	8,20
Penniman, Reed & Co., advertising	3,00
J. M. Burchfield & Co., crash	5,57
A. Bradley & Co., stone grates	3,00
H. Anshutz & Sons, stove pipes, &c.	2,04

The City Superintendent reported that at the Teachers' Institute which had met the previous week a resolution was passed asking the Central Board of Education to request legislation for authority for holding City Institutes, independent from the County Institute, and having the privileges and subject to the laws governing County Institutes.

Referred to the Committee on Revision of Laws.

The report of the Music Committee, recommending the dismissal of John D. Hughes, was taken up.

Mr. Shaw presented a petition, from sundry citizens and directors, to retain Mr. Hughes until some specific charges are brought against him.

Also, a communication from George C. Davis, certifying that Mr. Hughes is a good man for the position, and is as fully qualified to impart a proper knowledge of music to children as any other man in the city.

Mr. Laufman presented a communication from the Directors and Teachers of the Collins Independent District, asking to retain Mr. Hughes as Music Teacher until sufficient evidence of inability or wrong doing is brought to the notice of the Board.

On motion the above communications were received and filed.

The question was then put on the motion to refer the whole matter to the Committee on Music with power to act, and decided in the negative.

Mr. Wilson moved to refer the case to the members representing the districts wherein Mr. Hughes is engaged, which was decided in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Taylor, it was

Resolved, That the Principal of the High School be authorized to purchase four copies of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary for the use of the school.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, the President was authorized to appoint monthly committees for the visitation of the High and Colored Schools.

A vacation of the schools from the 24th of December till January 4th, 1869, was authorized.

A communication from Hugh Boice, janitor of the High School, stating that since the establishment of the Night Commercial School his labors had been greatly increased and asking additional compensation.

On motion of Mr. Wilson the salary of the janitor was increased $100 per annum, to take effect from September 1st.

On motion adjourned.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

The District Court met at ten o'clock yesterday morning, Judge Kirkpatrick on the bench.

The case of Thaw vs. Whitmore, Duff & Co., previously reported, was resumed, and was on trial when Court adjourned.

The trial list is the same as reported yesterday.

Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.

The Court of Common Pleas met at the usual hour yesterday morning, Judge Stowe on the bench.

The case of Sawyer vs. McGinnis, reported yesterday, was still on trial when Court adjourned.

Trial list the same as last reported.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

The Court of Quarter Sessions met at ten o'clock A. M., yesterday. The day was occupied in hearing surety cases. Jury trials will be taken up to-day.

Latest from Temperanceville.

Temperanceville, across the river, is achieving quite a brilliant reputation in the way of sensations of late. Added to the former elopements, attempted murders, mail and highway robberies, it has had, as the latest, another elopement. The victim was a shoemaker, his victimizer an interesting Western gentleman. The Western gentleman had been stopping at the shoemaker's house, and ingratiated himself into the good opinion of all, especially, as it seems, of the wife. A few days ago the shoemaker had occasion to visit Pittsburgh, to procure a supply of material to carry on his business. He returned late in the evening, but found things somewhat changed, wife gone, western gentleman gone, furniture gone, house desolate. The neighbors say the last they saw of the pair was shortly after the shoemaker had left his domicil. They were hurrying along the main thoroughfare of the thriving little town followed by a wagon filled with furniture. The shoemaker bewails the loss of his furniture.

How he Got His Boots.

Thomas Burns was in need of a pair of boots and took a rather dubious but cheap way of getting them. Entering the store of Mr. A. Pfluger he called for a pair and after examining them stated to the storekeeper that his socks were a little dirty and wet, and if he was allowed to take them across the street to his boarding house he would try them on over a dry pair of socks and if they suited he would come back and pay for them, the price being six dollars. Under the peculiar circumstances of the case he was allowed to take them away, but up to latest accounts had not finished trying them on, or at least had not returned according to agreement. Mr. Pflugor waited on Alderman McMasters yesterday and made affidavit to the above statement, upon which a warrant was issued for the arrest of Thomas on a charge of larceny as bailee.

New Yorkers in Pittsburgh.

The ridiculous farce, which has engaged the attention of newspaper reporters, scandle-mongers and others, including His Honor, the Mayor, for several days past, has been nearly played out—one more rise and fall of the curtain and the play will end. Enough has already been seen to disclose the plot, and a most shallow, flimsy and disgraceful affair it proves to be. At the time appointed for the hearing yesterday the parties all appeared except the prosecutrix, Mrs. Bevins, who detained the Court for fully half an hour, after which the counsel for the prosecution stated that he would submit the information against Mr. Magle, for obtaining money under false pretence, to His Honor, and declined to offer any evidence in the case. The Mayor, through the advice of his counsel, Thos. M. Marshall, Esq., at once dissmissed the case at the cost of the prosecutrix and discharged the accused. The information against Kate Fisher having been previously withdrawn, that matter was ended. The cases for surety of the peace, were, however, at the request of the prosecutrix, continued until three o'clock to-day. We presume the Mayor postponed the hearing "on account of the weather," as we heard no other reason assigned for a continuance, except the absence of the much talked of and long looked for Bevins, which is certainly a very poor reason, as Bevins was to have been here several days since. The former cases were postponed twice on account of his absence, and he has not yet arrived. While we do not wish to find fault with or reflect upon the action of the Mayor in this case, we must say that the defendants in this farce have been unjustly deprived of their rights. Had there been anything in the case, it was an imposition upon the defendants to hold them in custody for so long a time upon such shallow cause or pretext. They were ready to and demanded a hearing the day they were arrested; yet notwithstanding this, their hearing was postponed at the instance of the prosecution three times.

The fact of the cases against Miss Fisher and Mr. Magle having been abandoned by the prosecution, is evidence that there was nothing in the charge, and proves the correctness of the statement made by her yesterday. The prosecution was, to say the least of it, a malicious one, and has done the defendants great injury. Miss Fisher is an actress of considerable note, and since her arrival in this city, some three weeks since, has conducted herself as becomes a lady, which is more than we can say for the prosecutrix in the case. The conduct of the two women at the Mayor's office bore a marked contrast. That of Miss Fisher, quiet, unostentatious, and lady like, bearing with it a timidity which plainly indicated that she was not accustomed to police courts, while on the other hand the prosecutrix evinced a boldness, presumption and knowledge (as she supposed) of legal proceedings, indicating that she had "been there" before.

Mr. Magle's conduct since he came to this city has been that of a gentleman, and it will require more than the flimsy charge of Mrs. Bevins to injure him here.

The public sympathy is almost unanimously with the defendants.

The Fair at the City Hall.

We are gratified to hear that the benevolent ladies of Allegheny county are likely to be successful in achieving the very meritorious object for which this Fair is held. That object may be briefly stated to be in aid of the Home for Destitute Women, at 43 Chatham street, in this city. But this House also includes a much-needed auxiliary—a Home or Refuge for the Fallen. The two institutions are but portions of one plan, and to be under one general administration, but eminently separated in details. While the first is located in the city, the other, the Refuge, is to be established in the country far enough from town to ensure quiet and freedom from all annoyances, and yet not too remote for easy communication and supervision. The ladies now engaged in this noble work, representing a considerable part of the cities and suburbs, desire to raise the sum of $10,000, and if successful, are assured of further aid from benevolent gentlemen who have interested themselves in the work. The Fair yielded about two thousand five hundred dollars last week, and this sum should be doubled during the week to come. A concert by volunteer musical talent from the Soldiers' Home, will be given at the City Hall on Tuesday evening, and another, by the ladies, on Wednesday evening, each of which will be welcomed, we hope, with a large and profitable attendance. And during the entire week, the Fair with all its attractions, including a capital *table de' hote*, will continue in progress. The treasury ought to show five thousand dollars cash next Saturday, in which case the ladies know where to look for the other five thousand dollars, and will proceed at once with the auxiliary project. We urge upon all our city readers who comprehend the sad necessity for such institutions as are proposed, to lend their cheerful aid this week in making the Fair a brilliant success.

Interesting Occasion.

The Young Peoples' Society of Liberty Street M. E. Church held a public meeting on Sunday evening, instead of the usual services of preaching. This organization performs much of the same kind of work as a Christian Association, limiting the work, however, to the congregation and immediate neighborhood. Mr. W. W. Jackman presided, and Mr. Samuel W. Hay acted as Secretary. After singing and prayer by Rev. W. H. Kincaid, very interesting and well prepared written reports were presented and read from the Committees on "Government," "Invitation," "Introduction," "Prayer Meetings," "Boarding Houses," and "Sunday Schools."

Brief addresses were then delivered by the pastor of the church, Rev. W. H. Locke, and by Mr. Edward Heazelton, Superintendent of the Sunday School. This organization commenced mainly though the efforts of Rev. Mr. Locke, has proven to be a valuable auxiliary to the usual social services of the church, and Sunday school, and in his pastoral work, as well as a useful means of grace to the youth of the congregation. The reports show that, although organized but a few months since, much substantial good has been accomplished. The exercises were rendered additionally interesting by the excellent singing interspersed at different stages, under the lead of Mr. Joseph Shallenberger.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, December 8th, 1868.

Allegheny city to Henry Will, October 1, 1667: lot in in Scaler township, on Bennet and Mill street 48 by 139 feet.....$410

S. T. Lowry to Patrick Ingoldsby, November 16, 1868: lot on Liberty street, Pittsburgh, in Col. Woods' plan 30 by 77 feet.....$8,000

Samuel McDoald to Robert Hammond, December 8, 1868: lot No. 7 in Snyder's plan, Collins township, 24 by 116 feet.....$450

John Cready to Charles P. Maytle, December 8, 1868: tract of land in Indiana township, containing 55 acres and 56 perches.....$5 500

Matthew Miller et al to John Roth, July 9, 1868: lot on Crawford street, in the Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, 24 by 66 feet.....$660

Samuel Cashdollar to William Cashdollar et al, December 10, 1867: the undivided one-third of a tract of land in Patton township.....$156

James Murray to James McClusky, October 7, 1868: lot on Calvin street, Seventeenth ward 40 by 100 feet.....$1,150

Henry Will to John C. Fisher, December 2, 1861; lot on Bennet street, Millvale borough, 48 by 130 feet.....$400

Nicholas Kiefer to Fred. K. Deiterich, December 7, 1869: lot on Penn street, in the Twelfth ward, 24 by 68 feet.....$6,457

German Catholic saint Franciscus Society to James Irwin, September 28, 1868: 6 lots in Wesinberg's plan, Seventeenth ward, 23 to 28 inclusive.....$4,300

Andrew Clinger to P. Dietz, et al, July 31, 1868, tract of land in McCandless township, containing five acres.....$3,775

Andrew S. Grubbs to Andrew Climer, July 20, 1869: the above tract of land.....$3,150

MORTGAGES.

Eleven mortgages were also filed for record on Tuesday

Hindoo Exhibition.

The Hindoo Exhibition given Monday evening in the Second U. P. Church, Sixth avenue, by the Rev. Andrew Gordon, was a complete success. The house was crowded to suffocation, by an audience evidently deeply interested and greatly delighted. Mr. Gordon was for ten years a missionary in India, under the auspices of the United Presbyterian Church, and is therefore well acquainted with the manners, customs, habits, modes of life and superstitious worship of the millions of degraded Hindoos. Through long service in the missionary work, his health has become greatly impaired, and, being unable to return to his field of labor, he is now giving exhibitions illustrative of Hindoo life. He is a worthy Christian gentleman, and deserves all the patronage he is now enjoying.

The exhibition last evening was introduced by a short but interesting and instructive lecture upon India, its inhabitants and languages, of which, he said, there are no less than eighteen spoken. Then followed an exhibition of a number of Hindoo idols, curiosities and works of art. The model of a machine used by native Hindoos for raising water out of their wells to irrigate their fields, was exhibited in full operation, oxen and all, and attracted much attention, whilst it produced no little amusement. It is an ingenious piece of mechanism, resembling somewhat our "bucket pumps," but operated by machinery driven by oxen.

Mr. Gordon conversed with his daughter, by whom he is assisted in his exhibitions, in the Hindoostanee language, which, of course, was Greek to every one but themselves, but it was evident they understood it well.

One very interesting feature of the exhibition was the appearance of Mr. Gordon in in various Hindoo costumes, peculiar to the different castes.

George Washington Scott, a native Hindoo boy, and son of a native Missionary, who was the first to endanger his life by carrying the Bible into certain districts in India at a certain time, appeared on the platform and made a short speech. He said they had no snow in India and the first time he saw it here he thought it was raining sugar. They have no ice in India, and the first time he saw it he thought the water had gone to sleep during the night and got frozen into ice.

We are sorry we could not wait to the close of the exhibition as, we would like to have heard Mr. Gordon and his daughter sing some Hindoo Melodies, according to the programme.

We understand that Mr. Gordon will give similar exhibitions in other churches in these cities and vicinity, and as they are at once interesting, amusing and instructive, and the proceeds are to be devoted to very worthy objects, we hope he will receive even a more liberal patronage than he has yet enjoyed.

Now is the Time.

The wailing of the wild wind, wringing saddening music of aeolian softness and beauty at the keyhole, playing michievous pranks with pedestrians, driving the pelting, swift-falling snow into their faces, lifting hats daintily and hurling them onward in its current, sweeping the garments of the ladies and hiding their blushes with the rich color it has already imparted to their cheeks, proclaims the reign of winter. The prudent at once prepare for the season which has so earnestly set in, and to the best of their means and opportunities will provide for their bodily comfort. We think we hear an hundred voices cry out "now is the time to purchase furs at Fleming's popular emporium." And so it is. The sales of furs at this house, which all must know is at No. 139 Wood street, during the present season, has been absolutely enormous, immense, and yet, the reader must not imagine that the good stock has all gone, and that the refuse is being sold to late comers. Not at all. Mr. Fleming daily receives large and judiciously assorted invoices of goods fresh from the very best factories of the East, and sells them rapidly, the people being wise enough to appreciate the saving of from fifteen to twenty-five per cent. on their purchases by directing their patronage thither.

It would be a matter of impossibility for us to here enumerate the many qualities of fur and styles of goods to be found at Fleming's, the Mink, the Hudson Bay Sables, Water Mink, Siberian Squirrel, German Fitch, Black and Brown Sable, Blue Coney, and so on to a distant end. The stock is pronounced by experienced furriers as the finest ever held by any house west of Philadelphia. The children's sets, gentlemen's mufflers, gloves, &c., will commend themselves as quite superior and cheap to anything in the market. It must not be forgotten that the corps of salesmen connected with this extensive house are all fair dealing and obliging gentlemen, who adhere rigidly to the rule adopted by the proprietor of making no false representations to secure a sale, and hence all goods are warranted. Remember the place, 139 Wood street, sign of the great golden hat.

Fair for the Orphans, at Grace Reformed Church, corner of Grant street and Webster avenue.

We have been to see and here is our opinion: Cakes, fruit, &c.—variety large and choice; superb refreshments, such as to tempt the best holiday appetite; lunch and supper daily; stewed chicken, waffles and honey. Whoever looks at this department once will desire to return.

Fancy and useful articles, needle, crochet and wax work, gotten up in the very best taste. Special reference had to the coming of Christmas. Just the things young and old want for holiday presents.

If a carefully gotten-up Fair and the kindest attention merit public favor, these ladies of All Soul's and Grace Churches, who have this one in charge, will have a success. The weather itself speaks for the Orphans. Reader, do yourself a pleasure and them a service by calling. Fair open afternoon and evening to-day, Thursday and Friday.

Removed.

The well known and thoroughly reliable drug firm of Messrs. W. Mackeown & Bro. have removed their place of business to No. 195 Liberty street, where they will be pleased to see their friends and patrons. They have in store a large and splendid stock of fresh drugs, chemicals, &c., which he presents to dealers' rare selection. The carbon oil manufactured by this house enjoys enviable reputation, being of prime and superior quality. The firm deals largely in white lead, and supply orders at manufacturers' rates for window glass and general glassware. We commend them in the highest terms to our readers, and bespeak an increase of the liberal patronage bestowed upon them in their old quarters. Their business card appears in another column.

A House Builder.

Christian Golthold alleges that Fred. Fritsch got hold of him the other day and obtained twenty dollars from him by representing that he had just finished building a house in Allegheny for which he would be paid as soon as the bill was made out, but in the meantime he wanted a little money to keep him going for a day or so. After giving him the money Golthold thought he would make inquiries in regard to the statements made by Fritsch, the result of which led him to make an information against that individual for false pretences, before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, upon which a warrant was issued.

New and second-hand books, magazines, novels, &c., bought for cash, at the popular book and news depot of Col. J. D. Egan, No. 41 Sixth avenue.

Call and see the Patent Lounge at T. B. Young & Co's, No. 38 Smithfield street.

Central Building and Loan Association.

The Central Building and Loan Association was organized last evening by the election of the following officers:

President—James G. Weldon.
Vice President—John C. Reilly.
Secretary—Frank D. McKeever.
Treasurer—Philip B. Reilly.
Directors—James McCabe, Dr. F. Bese, M. D., Frank McIntyre, Wm. L. Buettler James McKenna, P. C. Duffy, Maurice Coll, P. Clark, W. F. Casey.

This organization starts under unusually favorable auspices, over a thousand of the shares of stock of the twenty-five hundred authorized being already subscribed for, and will have no difficulty, judging from the character of its officers and members, in disposing of the whole amount of stock.

The Association meets at No. 104 Fifth avenue, on Tuesday evening next, when parties wishing to subscribe for the unsold stock will please attend.

Business House, Lease and Fixtures, No. 20 Diamond, Allegheny City, at Auction.

To-day, December 9th, at 3 o'clock, will be sold at auction, on the premises, that very desirable business stand, No. 20 Diamond, Allegheny, now occupied as a Wholesale and Retail Grocery, doing a large cash business. The lot is 20 by 110 feet. The front building is a handsome three story brick, 20 by 70 feet, with a good cellar throughout. The rear building, fitted up for stable and granery, is a two story brick, 20 by 30 feet. There is a 10 foot alley in the rear. The counters, shelving and fixtures are superior. The lease extends eight years from April 1, 1869. The annual ground rent is $195. The buildings are in tip top order, and are suitable for almost any kind of business. The location is unsurpassed in the city for business purposes, being in close proximity to the Market House. With tact and energy, a large and prosperous business can be conducted at this stand.

For inspection of premises and particulars of sale, inquire at the store.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Hand Sewing

Is not thought of in these progressive days. It is a toil too tedious for housekeepers, and the seamstress, forced to earn her living with the needle, finds the process all too slow to provide for the necessary income The Sewing Machine has been established as the required friend, but if a sewing machine fails, through some imperfection, to perform its duties, it is a drawback rather than a helpmate. It must be reliable, must accomplish excellent and durable work, must be adapted to various thicknesses of material, must be simple in construction, and easily operated. The Weed Sewing Machine possesses all these meritorious qualities. Satisfy yourself of this, by visiting the establishment of the Weed Sewing Machine.—*N. Y. Independent.*

R. H. LONG,
General Agent for Western Pennsylvania, 112 Grant street Pittsburgh.

The Diamond Front.—The stock of groceries at the original Diamond Front, No. 164 Federal street, Allegheny, is one of the largest and best in the two cities The proprietor, Mr. Henderson George, successor to McBride & George, is thoroughly acquainted with the grocery business and is therefore enabled to offer inducements to his customers that one with less experience and a more limited knowledge of the business could not do. His stock, which includes everything found in a first class grocery, is selected by himself with great care, and purchasers cannot fail to be accommodated.

Messrs. Weldon & Kelly, plumbers and gas fitters, at the corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, have on hand one of the largest and best assorted stocks of chandeliers for oil lamps, gasoliers, brackets, and gas fixtures generally, to be found in the city. Their goods are of the very latest style, and embrace every variety manufactured, from the common and cheap patterns to the most beautiful and expensive. Purchasers cannot fail to be suited at this establishment in both price and quality, as the stock is sufficiently large to enable them to make their selections.

Winter Has Come.—Everybody should have an overcoat, and the only place to get a good one cheap is at the bankrupt sale, No. 13 St. Clair street, which is still continued for a few days. There is still a mammoth stock of overcoats on hand, which must be sold before the first of January; also a very large stock of boys' clothing. Don't fail to find the popular big No. 13 St. Clair street. This store has two doors. Sale commences at nine o'clock every morning. T. Tobias will sell himself until further notice.

Chapped Hands, face and all roughness of the skin, certainly cured by using the *Juniper Tar Soap*, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It surpasses all other remedies as it will prevent roughness of the skin if used during cold weather. It is easily applied, avoiding all the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use. It can be used by ladies with the most tender skin, without irritation or pain, making it soft and clear. Sold by the druggists generally. wT

Watches! Watches! Watches!—An extraordinary auction sale of gold and silver watches will be held at the auction house, 159 Federal street, Allegheny, this (Wednesday) evening, at 7 o'clock. Several hundred of the best stsndard time-keepers will be sold for whatever they will bring. Such an opportunity has seldom, and may never again occur. Those in want of a watch should by all means attend this sale.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

W. W. Moorhead, at 81 Market street, has one of the largest and best selected stocks of dress goods and trimmings to be found in the city. The reputation of this establishment is so generally known that it needs no word of commendation from us. It is only necessary to say that Mr. Moorhead is at the head of the house, as his name is sufficient to induce all who know him to patronize the establishment.

Annoying.—There is, perhaps, nothing more annoying to a hungry man than to go into a restaurant and order what he wants and then be compelled to wait a half or three-quarters of an hour before it is placed before him. This annoyance, although a pretty general one, is never experienced at Holtzheimer's Continental Saloon, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice.

The oysters at the Continental Saloon, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice, are the largest and finest we have seen this season, and the excellent manner in which they are served up makes them really delicious. Mr. Holtzheimer is always prompt in procuring a supply of everything that is good to eat, and the attendants are equally prompt in serving customers.

Bookseller's Stock at Auction.—Will be sold at A. Leggate's Auction House, No. 159 Federal street, Allegheny, on Thursday evening, at seven o'clock, a bookseller's stock, consisting of 100 family and pocket bibles, standard and miscellaneous books, holiday books, games, albums, paper, &c., &c., now open for examination.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Lease of Allegheny Diamond Store at Auction.—The lease of that valuable and eligible located business house, No. 20, Diamond, Allegheny, is to be sold to-morrow, (Wednesday) at three o'clock.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Combination Lounge and Bed with spring mattress, an invaluable article for the nursery. For sale only at T. B. Young & Co's, No. 38 Smithfield street.

Best Patent Bed Lounge in the country, at T. B. Young & Co's, No. 38 Smithfield street.

Dr. L. Oldshue,

No. 132 Grant street, has for a number of years past devoted his attention entirely to the investigation and treatment of chronic diseases.

The visiting practice and night calls will be promptly attended to by Dr. T. L. Oldshue.

Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania, from 1861 to 1867. Seven Volumes. Binn's Justice, Dunlap's Digest, with other law works, for sale at Colonel J. D. Egan's, No. 41 Sixth avenue.

Deafness, Blindness, Catarrh,

And all affections of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver and Nervous System, treated successfully at Dr. Aborn's Medical and Surgical Institute, No. 134 Smithfield street. tf.

The cheapness of the Patent Lounge, for sale by T. B. Young & Co., makes it come within the reach of all. Call and see it; 38 Smithfield street.

Subscriptions received for all the monthly magazines, literary papers, &c., at publishers' prices, at Colonel J. D. Egan's, No. 41 Sixth avenue.

All the literary and illustrated papers, magazines, &c., received regularly by express, by Colonel J. D. Egan, No. 41 Sixth avenue.

Stationery of all kinds, wholesale and retail, at eastern prices, at Colonel J. D. Egan's, No. 41, Sixth avenue.

The Long Required Want.—Patent Bed Lounge, combining beauty, durability and cheapness. For sale at the manufacturers, T. B. Young & Co., 38 Smithfield street.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 167 First street.

No House is complete without one of those Patent Lounges. For sale at T. B. Young & Co's, No. 38 Smithfield street.

MARRIED:

FRENGER—RIGBY—On Thursday, December 7th, by Rev. Thomas X. Orr, at the Central Presbyterian Church, Allegheny city, Mr. W. H. H. FRENGER, of Staunton, Va., and Miss SADIE RIGBY, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

DIED:

HUTCHINSON—On Tuesday afternoon, December 8th, at eight o'clock, Mr. CHARLES HUTCHINSON, aged 71 years.

His funeral will take place from his residence, No. 101 Fourth avenue, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, at two o'clock. His friends and those of the family, members of Zocco Lodge and all sister Lodges of Odd Fellows are invited to attend.

[Cincinnati and Portsmouth, Ohio, papers please copy.]

MCCREERY—On Monday the 7th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., Mrs. MARY MCCREERY, aged 75 years.

Funeral at 9 o'clock on WEDNESDAY MORNING, to the Union Depot, from the residence of her son, Wm. McCreery, in Clifton. Carriages leave Jackman's livery stable at 7 o'clock precisely.

ROBINSON—On Sunday at 11 o'clock, at Latrobe, FRANK P. ROBINSON, in the 39th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on WEDNESDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., from the family residence of the late General Robinson.

BURT—On Monday morning, December 7th, at 10 o'clock, Mr. JENNINGS BURT, in the 35th year of his age.

His funeral will take place from his late residence No. 47 Ann street, Allegheny, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, December 9th at 4 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SHALLENBERGER.—Suddenly, on Sunday afternoon, December 6th, at Rochester, Pa., A. SHALLENBERGER, in the seventy-second year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 1 o'clock.

ROGERS—On Monday afternoon, December 7th, 1868, MARY DARRAGH, daughter of Dr. JULIAN and Margaret C. Rogers, aged 16 months and 28 days.

The funeral will take place THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, December 9th, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of Dr. Rogers, 133 Fourth avenue.

FAHNESTOCK—On the 2d instant, in New York, Mrs. SARAH ANN FAHNESTOCK, relict of W. M. Fahnestock, M. D., late of Bordentown, New Jersey.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals $4.

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56 FIFTH STREET.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets,

Has now in stock one of the largest and most varied assortments of

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CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND OVERCOATINGS

Also, a full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods.

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.

FOR A STYLISH OVERCOAT,
FOR A STYLISH DRESS COAT,
FOR A STYLISH BUSINESS COAT,
FOR A STYLISH WALKING COAT,
FOR A STYLISH PAIR OF PANTS,
FOR A STYLISH VEST OF ALL KINDS,

For all the latest styles cut clothes, made of the best material, and by first-class workmen, and at prices surprisingly low, go to the well known Merchant Tailor,

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Office, No. 19 STOCKTON AVENUE, Allegheny city. THOS. F. DALE, M. D., R. S. SUTTON, M. D.

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